



# REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT LEGISLATIVE AGENDA AS AT DECEMBER, 2025



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT  
OFFICE OF THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY &  
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AND DIASPORA AFFAIRS  
STATE DEPARTMENT FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT  
OFFICE OF THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY & MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AND DIASPORA AFFAIRS  
STATE DEPARTMENT FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS

## STATEMENT FROM THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY



**H.E. DR. MUSALIA MUDAVADI, EGH  
PRIME CABINET SECRETARY &  
CABINET SECRETARY MINISTRY OF  
FOREIGN AND DIASPORA AFFAIRS**

It is with great pleasure that I present the Government Legislative Agenda implementation report for the period ending December 2025. The report takes stock of the extent to which the Government Legislative Agenda has supported the delivery of the National Development Agenda encapsulated in the Bottom-up Economic Agenda (BETA). I'm pleased to note that the Government Legislative Agenda Schedule has proven to be an indispensable tool that has facilitated Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) with structured engagement for timely delivery of policy and legislative outputs.

I take this opportunity to thank His Excellency the President for the vision in formulating the GLA coordination function and the establishment of the necessary institutional framework that has made this coordination possible. It is through this framework, supported by key coordination tools that have been operationalized, including the Public Policy Handbook for Kenya and the Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024, that MDAs are developing the proposed policy and legislative instruments aligned with national development frameworks including the Fourth Medium Term Plan (MTP IV) and the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA).

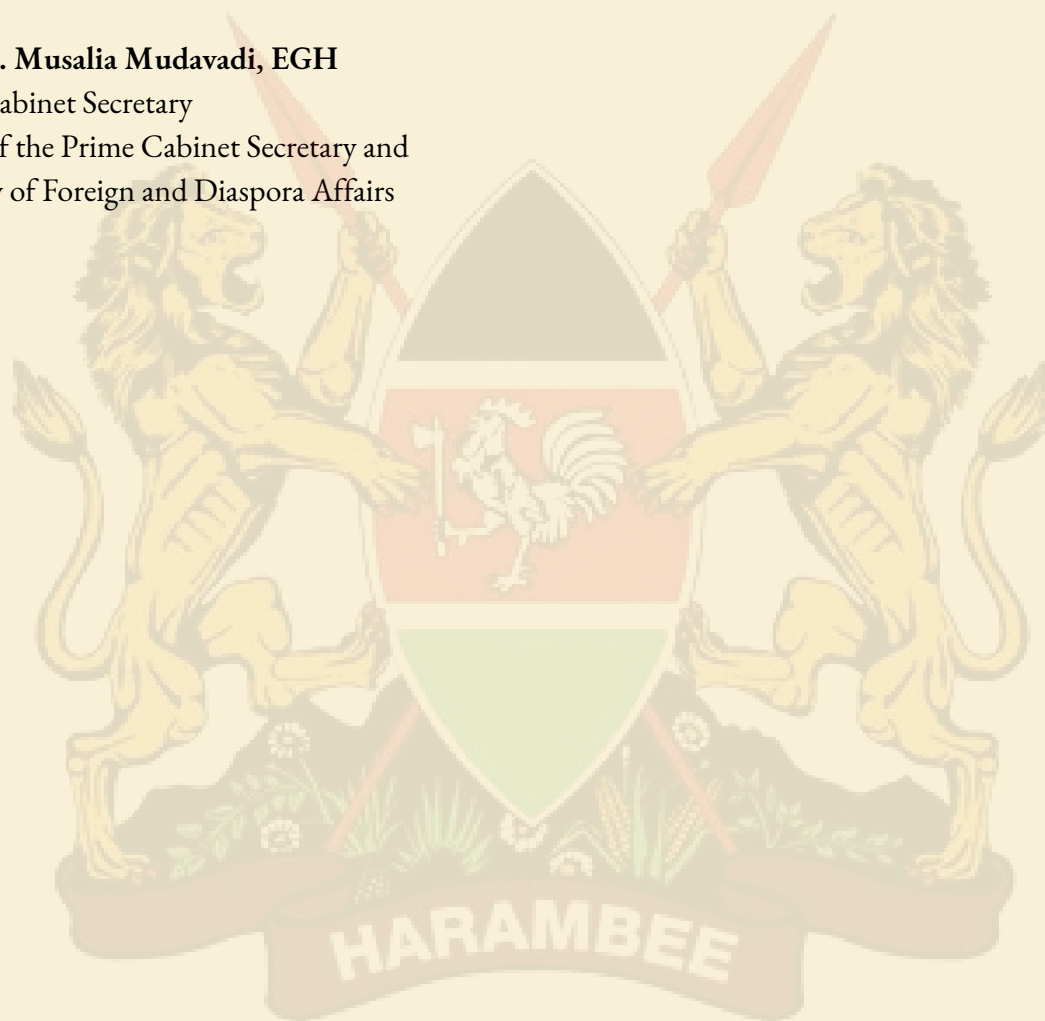
The implementation of the GLA and operationalization of the GLA coordination tools has significantly strengthened coordination across government agencies thereby promoting consistency, coherence, a whole-of government approach, reduced inefficiencies, improved planning and enhanced monitoring of policy and legislation development processes. As we reflect on the progress made in the implementation of Government Legislative Agenda and its support for the national development agenda, I reaffirm the Government's commitment to cooperation and collaboration between the Executive and Parliament to ensure timely realization of policies and laws that benefit all Kenyans.

The momentum achieved so far demonstrates the position of GLA to accelerate the attainment of the national development goals as we advance the shared vision of an equitable and prosperous nation.

I commend the Principal Secretary for Parliamentary Affairs for providing exemplary leadership throughout the implementation period, and extend my sincere appreciation to all Ministries, Departments and Agencies and stakeholders who have made this achievement possible.



**H.E. Dr. Musalia Mudavadi, EGH**  
Prime Cabinet Secretary  
Office of the Prime Cabinet Secretary and  
Ministry of Foreign and Diaspora Affairs



# STATEMENT FROM THE PRINCIPAL SECRETARY

Over the last three years the Government has been implementing its national development agenda within the framework of the Bottom-up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA). I am pleased to present the progress made towards strengthening coherence, efficiency and strategic alignment of policies and legislation with this National Development Agenda under the Government Legislative Agenda Programme.

During this period, the priority has been to ensure that the tools developed are operationalized to streamline the coordination as well as improve the responsiveness of Ministries, Departments and Agencies to support the legislative and Parliamentary Liaison functions.

The GLA coordination tools have been adopted and integrated into the policy and legislative workflow in the MDAs, and we are encouraged by the tremendous uptake and increased compliance with these tools. The State Department remains committed to continuous capacity building for optimal utilization of the tools and realization of their intended benefits. The roll out of the Legislative Agenda Tracking Information System (LATIS) and the Parliamentary Liaison Framework will enhance the delivery of the mandate and functions of the State Department.

The implementation of the Government Legislative Agenda has significantly transformed -



**CPA DR. AURELIA C. RONO, CBS  
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY  
STATE DEPARTMENT FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS**

the processes for tracking and reporting on performance. This has enhanced the evaluation of policy and legislative outcomes with clarity. MDAs have a structured platform for continuous dialogue on the status of priority initiatives necessary to drive the National Development Agenda. The execution of the parliamentary liaison mandate has ensured active and responsive engagement between MDAs and Parliament and thus enhancing the accountability of MDAs as envisaged by Article 10(2) of the Constitution on national values and principles of governance. Our collaboration with Parliamentary leadership remains core towards supporting the Executive's legislative and policy priorities. The focus now is to further entrench GLA implementation and parliamentary liaison services across government operations.

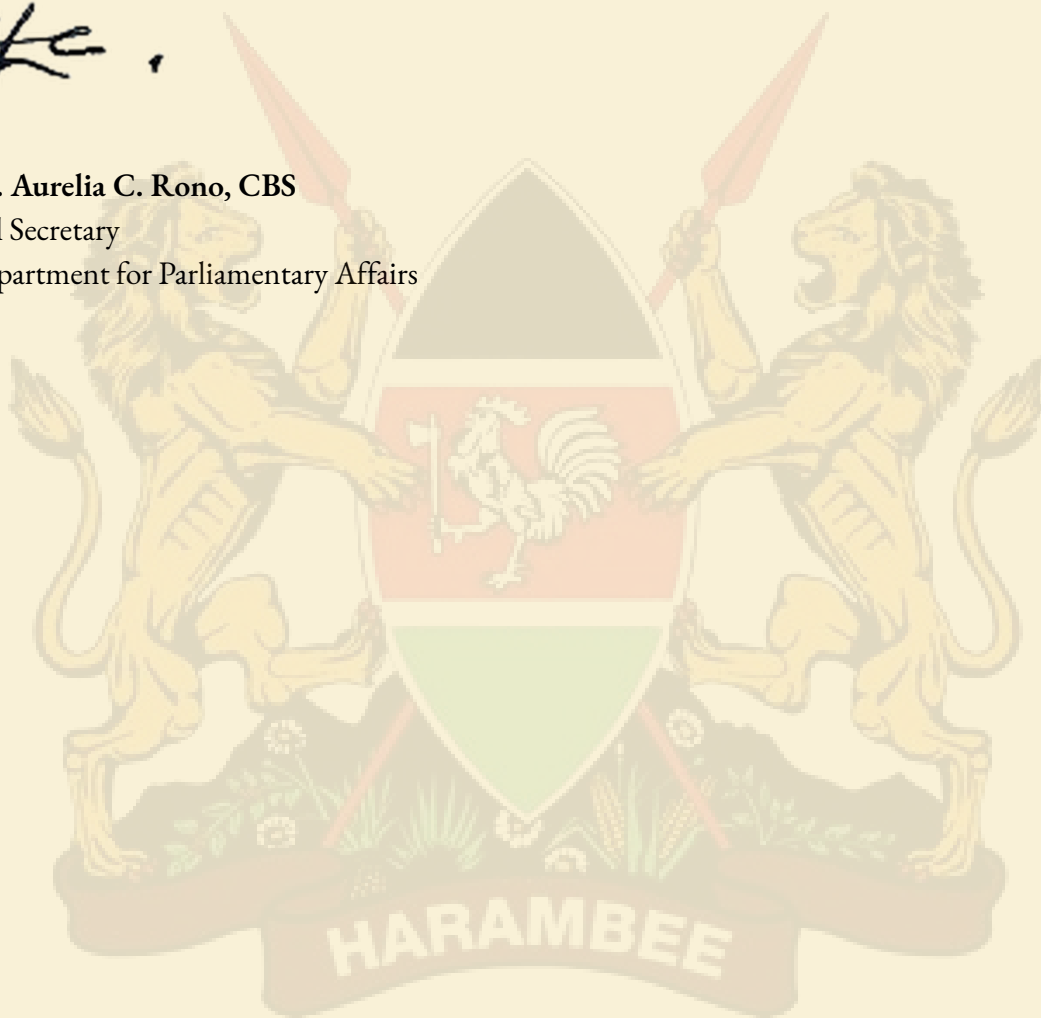
(iii)

I express my sincere appreciation to His Excellency the President and His Excellency the Prime Cabinet Secretary, for their unwavering leadership and support, which has been instrumental in guiding the vision and the progress made. I also recognize the dedication of SDPA staff and thank all our stakeholders for their partnership and cooperation throughout this process.

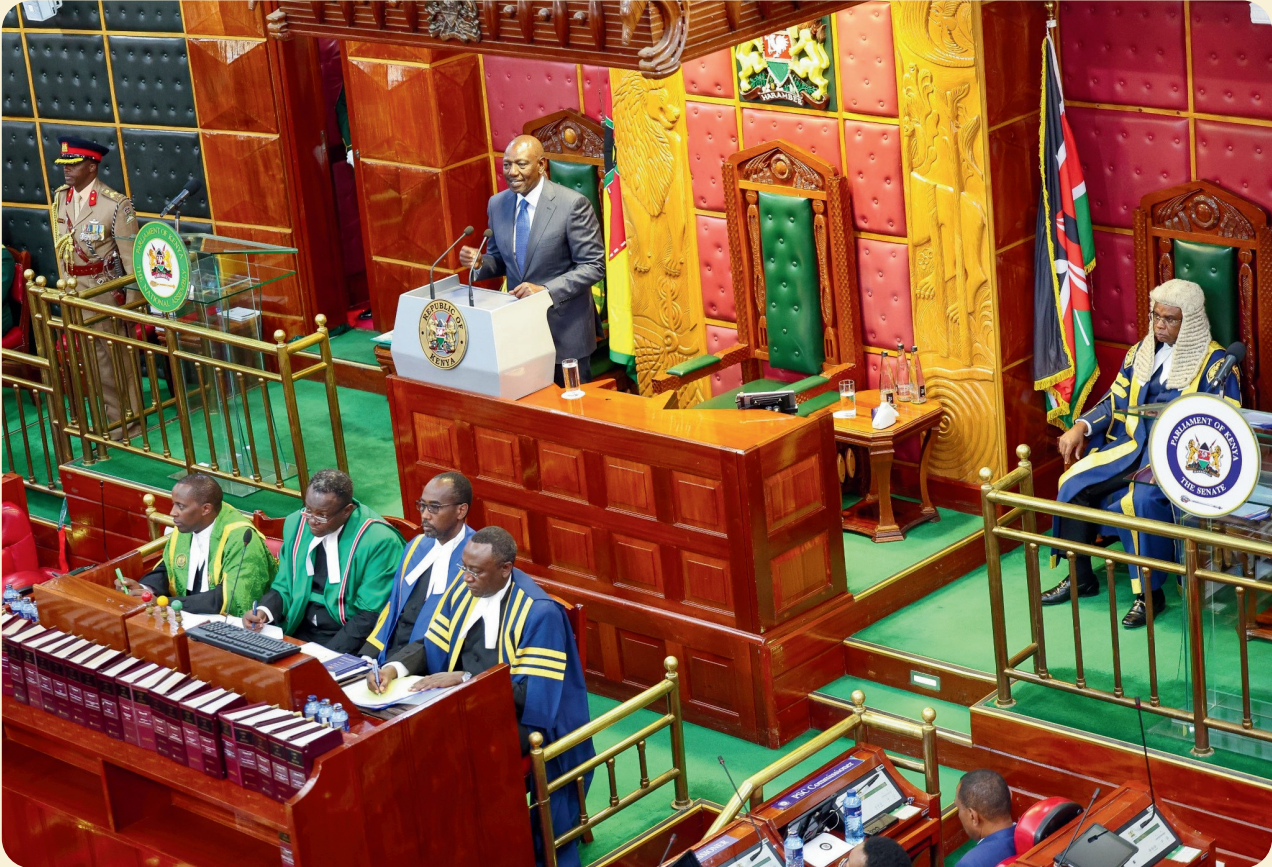
As we enter the next phase of implementation, we look forward to continuing deepening the collaboration with all relevant stakeholders to further strengthen the implementation of the Government Legislative Agenda for the period 2023–2027.

AKC,

CPA Dr. Aurelia C. Rono, CBS  
Principal Secretary  
State Department for Parliamentary Affairs



# EXECUTIVE *Summary*



This report highlights the role of the Government Legislative Agenda (GLA) in supporting the realization of Kenya’s National Development Agenda as espoused in the Bottom-up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA). In doing so, the report, inter alia focuses on the role of the Executive and the Legislature in their contribution to the achievement of the five pillars of BETA and the priorities identified under the MTPIV framework. It makes specific reference to policy, legislative, statutory instrument initiatives proposed and formulated by the National Executive and transmitted to Parliament for consideration and adoption during the period commencing August 2022 up to December 2025.

The report further highlights the critical facilitative role played by the Office of the Prime Cabinet Secretary (OPCS) and the State Department for Parliamentary Affairs (SDPA) in coordinating the GLA and in strengthening Executive–Legislative interface, particularly in identifying, prioritizing and tracking initiatives that advance the national development agenda. This includes developing and implementing various tools necessary for coordination of the GLA and Parliamentary Liaison.

The report further highlights the critical facilitative role played by the Office of the Prime Cabinet Secretary (OPCS) and the State Department for Parliamentary Affairs (SDPA) in coordinating the GLA and in strengthening Executive–Legislative interface, particularly in identifying, prioritizing and tracking initiatives that advance the national development agenda. This includes developing and implementing various tools necessary for coordination of the GLA and Parliamentary Liaison.

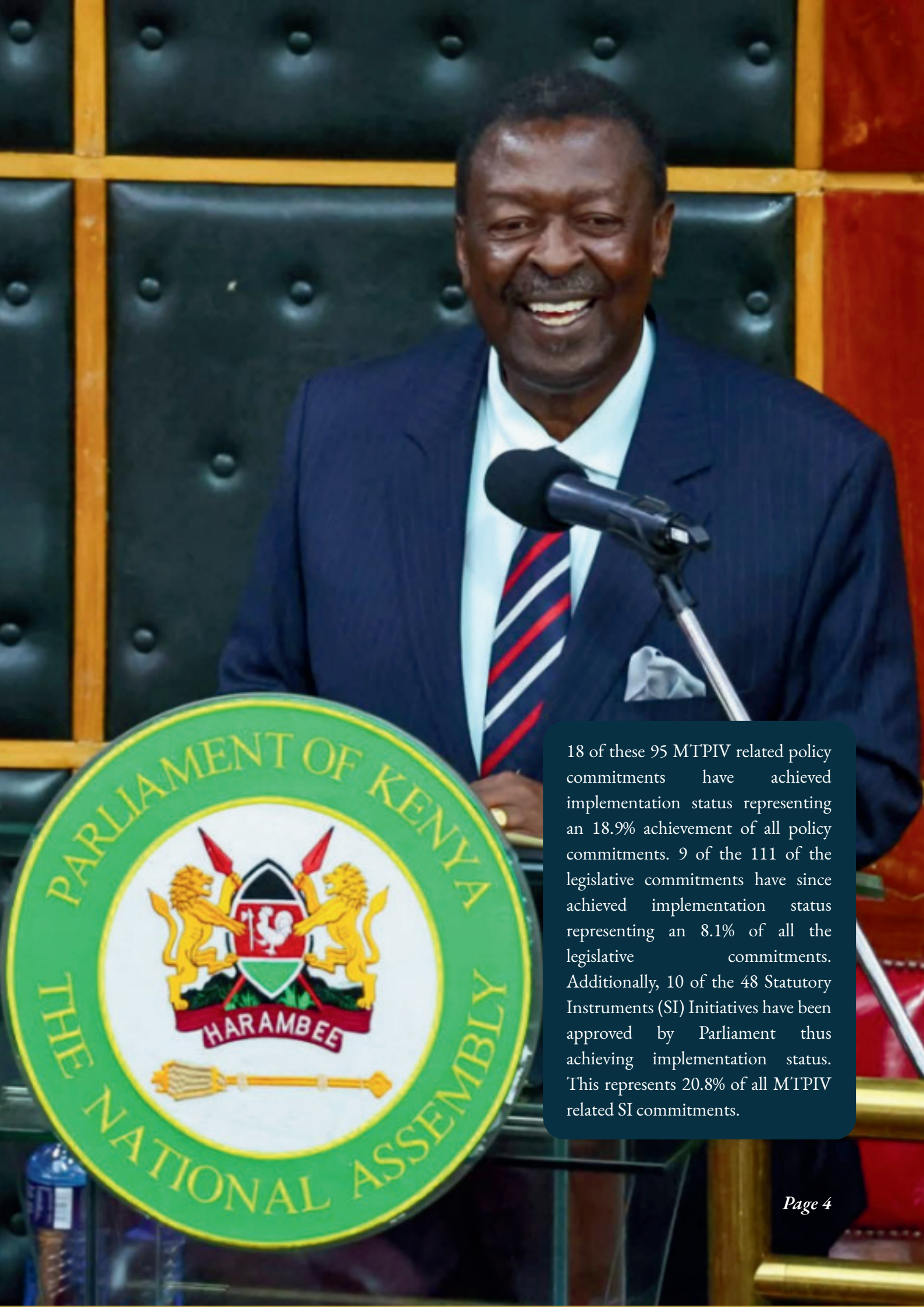


These coordination tools include the Public Policy Handbook for Kenya, the Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024, the Legislative Tracking Information System (LATIS), the Parliamentary Liaison Framework, the Public Policy Monitoring and Evaluation Framework and the Stakeholders' Engagement Framework.


As at the end of the period under review, the Government had a total of 1,281 policy and legislative commitments representing a 25.5% increase from the 1,021 commitments recorded in the previous year 2024. These 1,281 initiatives comprise of 284 Policy Initiatives, 343 Legislative Initiatives and 654 SI Initiatives. Of these commitments, 243 have been concluded, 849 are ongoing and 142 have been discontinued. The growth in the number of initiatives is a result of reporting awareness by MDAs as well as their progressive identification of policy and legislative reforms necessary to support the Government's development agenda and other strategic objectives.

With respect to the MTPIV, Government identified a total of 350 policy and legislative commitments to support BETA's implementation. This comprises 128 policy commitments, 161 legislative commitments and 61 SI commitments. 254 of these commitments proceeded to formulation under the various GLA segments and in support of various priorities under the five MTPIV Sectors. This comprises 95 policy commitments, 111 legislative commitments and 48 SI commitments.





18 of these 95 MTPIV related policy commitments have achieved implementation status representing an 18.9% achievement of all policy commitments. 9 of the 111 of the legislative commitments have since achieved implementation status representing an 8.1% of all the legislative commitments. Additionally, 10 of the 48 Statutory Instruments (SI) Initiatives have been approved by Parliament thus achieving implementation status. This represents 20.8% of all MTPIV related SI commitments.



To deliver priorities under the finance & production sector, 87 legal and policy commitments were identified. Amongst those delivered thus far include the National Phytosanitary Policy, the Agricultural Soil Management Policy, the National Agricultural Mechanization Policy, the Leather Development Policy, the Leasing Sector Policy Framework, the National Automotive Policy (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2022), the National Retirement Benefits Policy and the National Green Fiscal Incentives Policy (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2024). On the legislative front, the Sector has delivered the Business Laws Amendment) Act, 2024, the Insurance (Amendment) Act, 2023, the Public Finance Management (Amendment) Act, 2024, the Anti-money Laundering and Combating Terrorism Financing laws (Amendment) Bill, 2025 and the Public Finance Management (Financial Inclusion Fund) Regulations, 2022. Other commitments before Parliament include the Co-operatives Bill 2024 (NA Bill No. 7 of 2024) and the National Disaster Risk Management Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 24 of 2023).



To deliver priorities under the infrastructure sector, 68 legal and policy commitments were identified. Amongst those delivered include the National Sanitation Management Policy (Sessional Paper No. 7 of 2024), the Affordable Housing Act (No. 2 of 2024), the National Rating Act (No. 15 of 2024), the Community Land (Amendment) Regulations and the Road Maintenance Levy Fund (Imposition of Levy) Order, 2024. The Technopolis Bill (NA No. 6 of 2024), which seeks to create a framework for the establishment of premier destinations for technology-driven businesses, research institutions and innovation ecosystems, is pending before Parliament.

To deliver priorities under the social sector, 78 policies and legal reform commitments were identified. Amongst those delivered include the Internship and Volunteerism Policy and Guidelines for the Public Service, the Kenya Social Protection Policy 2023, the Kenya National Population Policy for Sustainable Development (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2023), the National Policy on Family Promotion and Protection, 2023, the National Policy on Rehabilitation of Street Families, 2023, and the National Policy for Persons with Disability, 2024. On the legislative front, the Sector has delivered laws that support BETA's healthcare pillar including the Facilities Improvement Financing Act, 2023 and the Digital Health Act, 2023. Commitments awaiting Parliament's nod include the, the Quality of Healthcare and Patient Safety Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 41 of 2025) and the National Council for Population and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 72 of 2023). Also to be noted before Parliament is the legislative proposal for the implementation of the two-thirds gender principle submitted under the auspices of the Multi-Sector Working Group on the two-thirds gender rule in support of the NADCO process and terms of reference.





To deliver priorities under the Environment and Natural Resources sector, 48 legal and policy reform commitments were identified. Amongst those delivered include the National Forest Policy; the Climate Change (Amendment) Act, 2023; the Climate Change (Carbon Markets) Regulations, 2024; various regulations (fisheries and marine) under the Fisheries Management and Development Act and; the Environmental Management and Co-ordination (Management of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Materials) Regulations, 2024. Commitments before Parliament include the Meteorology Bill, 2023 (Sen. Bill No. 45 of 2023), the Culture Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 12 of 2024), the Forest Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 38 of 2025) and the Fisheries Management and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 28 of 2023).



To deliver priorities under the Governance and Public Administration sector, 69 legal and policy reform commitments were identified. Amongst those delivered include, the Foreign Policy of the Republic of Kenya, 2025 (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2025), operationalization of the Public Benefits Organization Act, the Refugee (General) Regulations, 2024 and the Public Finance Management (Government Press Fund) Regulations, 2025. Initiatives before Parliament include the Kenya Policy on Public Participation (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2023), the Power of Mercy Policy Framework (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2024), the National Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy (Sessional Paper No. 4 of 2024); the Intergovernmental Relations (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (Sen. Bill No. 12 of 2024) and the Power of Mercy Bill, 2025. The Public Participation Bill and the Tribunal Bills are pending in Parliament albeit under the individual member sponsorship, in the case of the Public Participation (NA No. 44 of 2025) and the Committee sponsorship, in the case of the Tribunals Bill (NA No. 43 of 2025).





On the Parliamentary Liaison front, the State Department has strengthened the Parliamentary Liaison Service with a view of ensuring its sustainability and dedication to supporting both the Executive and Parliament on legislative and Parliamentary matters. The question response rate in the National Assembly was 64% in 2025 compared to 68% in 2024, while at the Senate the response rate was 55% compared to 56% in 2024. While the response rate generally dropped for 2025 in both Houses compared to year 2024, the response rate in 2025 was notably higher in the National Assembly, 64% compared to 55% in the Senate, indicating an optimal utilization of question time by the National Assembly. A Parliamentary Appearance (Plenary and Committees) Scorecard, 2025 has since been prepared for dissemination to all Ministries.

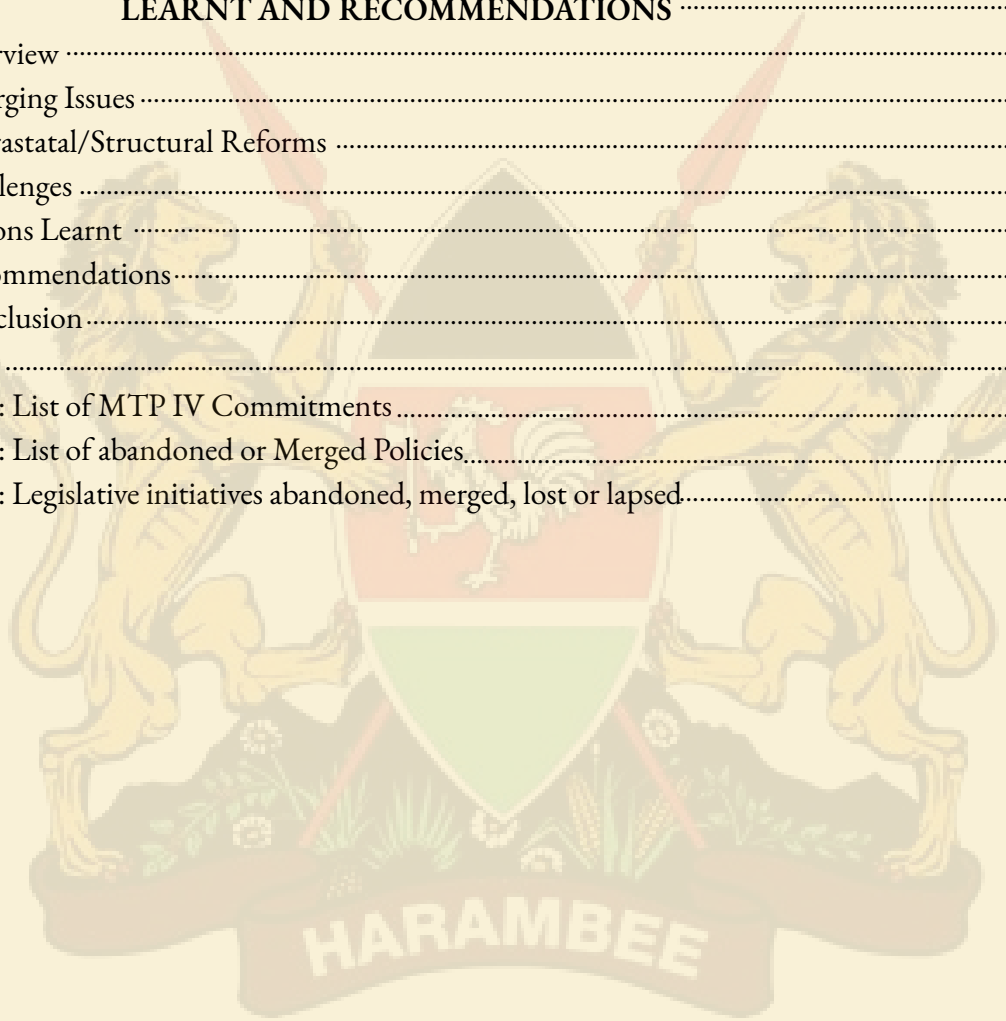
In the period under review, notable challenges that hampered the realization of the targeted outputs included cost of policy and legislative development processes, stakeholder divergence, late submission of progress reports, overlapping and duplication of initiatives, overlapping invites from both houses, late submission of questions and invites, unsupported responses, overlaps between Cabinet Secretary commitments and Parliamentary invites amongst others. For the State Department to counter some of the challenges in the implementation of GLA, increased resourcing and continuous capacity building for MDAs on GLA and Parliamentary Liaison is vital.

The Report therefore presents analysis of the status of implementation of the Government Legislative Agenda, challenges impeding the realization of the intended outputs and recommendations for improvement. The Report is organized into four sections; Section One provides the background of the Government Legislative Agenda; Section Two presents the Government Legislative Agenda and Parliamentary Liaison coordination frameworks; Section Three details the implementation of the Government Legislative Agenda and Parliamentary Liaison which includes the GLA's support of BETA's priorities while Section Four presents the challenges and recommendations.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATEMENT FROM THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY .....	(i)
STATEMENT FROM THE PRINCIPAL SECRETARY .....	(iii)
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	1
Table of Contents .....	10
LIST OF TABLES .....	12
LIST OF FIGURES .....	12
ABBREVIATION AND ACRONYMS .....	13
<b>SECTION ONE: INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>14</b>
1.0 Background .....	14
1.1 Functions of the State Department .....	16
1.2 Vision and Mission .....	16
<b>SECTION TWO: COORDINATION OF THE GOVERNMENT</b>	
<b>LEGISLATIVE AGENDA AND PARLIAMENTARY LIAISON .....</b>	<b>17</b>
2.0 Overview .....	17
2.1 Identification, prioritization and enactment of policies and legislation .....	18
2.2 Key Coordination interventions .....	21
2.3 Implementation of the GLA Coordination tools .....	24
2.3.1 Implementation of Public Policy Handbook for Kenya .....	24
2.3.2 Policy Review and Advisory .....	25
2.3.3 Public Policy Monitoring and Evaluation Framework .....	26
2.3.4 The Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024 .....	27
2.3.5 The Legislative Agenda Tracking Information System (LATIS) .....	27
2.3.6 The Parliamentary Liaison Framework .....	29
2.3.7 The Stakeholder Engagement Framework .....	29
2.4 Weekly Public Participation Issues .....	30
2.5 The Department's role in facilitating BETA outcomes .....	30
<b>SECTION THREE: IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT</b>	
<b>LEGISLATIVE AGENDA AND PARLIAMENTARY LIAISON .....</b>	<b>32</b>
3.0 Overview .....	32
3.1 Overall Numbers .....	33
3.1.1 Status of GLA initiatives .....	35
3.1.2 Initiatives in Parliament .....	36
3.1.3 Discontinued/Abandoned and merged initiatives .....	36
3.1.4 Ongoing initiatives .....	37
3.2 Status of Implementation of the GLA .....	41
3.2.1 Progress of Policy Initiatives .....	41
3.2.2 Progress on Legislative Initiatives .....	45
3.2.3 Progress on Statutory Instruments .....	48
3.3 Government Legislative Agenda as a driver of the National Development Agenda .....	50

3.3.1 Overall status of MTP IV related to GLA commitments .....	54
3.3.2 Finance and Production .....	56
3.3.3 Infrastructure .....	57
3.3.4 Social .....	59
3.3.5 Environment and Natural Resources .....	60
3.3.6 Governance and Public Administration.....	62
3.4 Status of Implementation of Parliamentary Liaison .....	63
3.4.1 Cabinet Secretaries' Question Time.....	63
3.4.2 Capacity Building .....	64
<b>SECTION FOUR: EMERGING ISSUES, CHALLENGES, LESSONS</b>	
<b>LEARNT AND RECOMMENDATIONS</b> .....	65
4.1 Overview .....	65
4.2 Emerging Issues .....	65
4.2.1 Parastatal/Structural Reforms .....	65
4.3 Challenges .....	66
4.4 Lessons Learnt .....	68
4.5 Recommendations.....	69
4.6 Conclusion.....	72
Annexes .....	73
Annex 1: List of MTP IV Commitments .....	73
Annex 2: List of abandoned or Merged Policies.....	100
Annex 3: Legislative initiatives abandoned, merged, lost or lapsed.....	102



## LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Prioritization of GLA Interventions by MDAs in Ministerial PCs and State Department Workplans.....	20
Table 2: List of Briefs generated for Government Bills in Parliament .....	23
Table 3: List of Draft Policies Submitted for Review .....	25
Table 4: Summaries by Cluster .....	28
Table 5: Comparison of GLA by initiative type .....	33
Table 6: Summary of initiatives by Status .....	33
Table 7 : All Initiatives by Cluster .....	34
Table 8: Completed Initiatives by cluster.....	35
Table 9: Initiatives awaiting Parliamentary approval by cluster .....	36
Table 10: Discontinued Initiatives by cluster .....	36
Table 11 : Ongoing Initiatives by cluster.....	38
Table 12: Maturity Levels for Ongoing Initiatives .....	38
Table 13: Ongoing Initiatives by Ministry.....	39
Table 14: List of Policies under Implementation .....	41
Table 15: Policies in Parliament for consideration as Sessional Papers .....	44
Table 16: Status of GLA Bills .....	45
Table 17: Summary of Approved Bills .....	46
Table 18: List of Legislative Initiatives enacted into law .....	46
Table 19: Number of Approved Statutory Instruments .....	49
Table 20: Number of MTP IV commitments by type of initiative .....	52
Table 21: Number of MTP IV Commitments by Sector .....	53
Table 22 : MTP IV related GLA commitments by cluster .....	53
Table 23: MTP IV related GLA commitments by type .....	53
Table 24 : MTP IV commitments that are not active in GLA by cluster .....	54
Table 25: MTP IV commitments that are not active in GLA by type .....	54
Table 26 : Status of MTP IV Bills .....	55
Table 27: Status of Policy MTP IV commitments .....	55
Table 28: Status of MTP IV statutory instruments .....	56
Table 29: Finance and production sector MTP IV initiatives status .....	57
Table 30: Infrastructure sector MTP IV initiatives status .....	58
Table 31: Social sector MTP IV initiatives status .....	59
Table 32: Environment and natural resources MTP IV initiatives status .....	61
Table 33: Governance and Public administration MTP IV initiatives status .....	52
Table 34: Summary of MDAs Question Time for the Years 2024 and 2025 .....	63

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: GLA status by broad category .....	34
Figure 2: Approved Policies and sessional papers .....	40
Figure 3: Policies under implementation by cluster .....	44

## ABBREVIATION AND ACRONYMS

<b>BETA</b>	Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda
<b>GLA</b>	Government Legislative Agenda
<b>KPI</b>	Key Performance Indicator
<b>LATIS</b>	Legislative Agenda Tracking Information System
<b>MDAs</b>	Ministries Departments and Agencies
<b>MTPIV</b>	4th Medium Term Plan
<b>NADCO</b>	National Dialogue Committee
<b>OPCS</b>	Office of the Prime Cabinet Secretary
<b>PLOs</b>	Parliamentary Liaison Officers
<b>SAGA</b>	Semi-Autonomous Government Agency
<b>SCGLA&amp;PL</b>	Steering Committee on the Government Legislative Agenda & Parliamentary Liaison
<b>SDPA</b>	State Department for Parliamentary Affairs
<b>SI</b>	Statutory Instrument
<b>SLO</b>	State Law Office

# Section One

## INTRODUCTION

### 1.0 BACKGROUND



The agricultural transformation pillar aims to boost productivity and value addition in food systems, while the MSME pillar focuses on empowering small businesses as engines of job creation. The healthcare pillar seeks to enhance universal health coverage and social security while the housing and settlement pillar addresses affordable housing needs. The digital superhighway and creative industry pillar, on the other hand, supports innovation, digital infrastructure, and the creative sector. To support these pillars, BETA incorporates twelve (12) enablers designed to create a conducive environment for socio-economic transformation. These include initiatives in the Blue Economy, Education and Training, Environment and Climate Change, Foreign Policy and Regional Integration, Governance, Infrastructure, Manufacturing, Service Economy, Women's Agenda, Social Protection, Sports, Culture and Arts, and Youth Empowerment and Development Agenda.

Kenya is implementing the fourth phase of Kenya Vision 2030 through MTP IV which is aligned to and anchored on the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA). BETA, which is Kenya's national development agenda, is structured around five central pillars: Agricultural Transformation, MSME Economy, Housing and Settlement, Healthcare, and the Digital Superhighway and Creative Industry. Each pillar targets a specific area critical to Kenya's socio-economic development.





By integrating these enablers, BETA aims to strengthen the linkages between sectors, promote sustainable growth, and ensure that development is inclusive, resilient, and sustainable across all levels of society.

The national development agenda identified under BETA is underpinned by key policy, legal and institutional reforms. These policy, legal and institutional reforms were identified in all sectors to support the implementation of MTPIV development priorities. In this regard, it has been necessary to fast-track the implementation of the legislative agenda to ensure that key policy and legislative instruments are formulated and enacted. The policy and legislative initiatives necessary to support the realization of BETA objectives are identified as priorities under the Government Legislative Agenda (GLA). It is against this background that the implementation of the GLA is coordinated.

Since establishment, SDPA has focused on institutionalizing GLA coordination, enhancing Executive-Parliament relations and building capacity for efficient governance. These coordination efforts have hastened the legislative process and enhanced accountability which is evident in the approval of crucial policies and timely enactment of Bills supporting economic resilience.

SDPA discharges its functions through established coordination frameworks such as the GLA Schedule 2023-2027, the Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024 and Public Policy Handbook for Kenya. The SDPA remains committed to strengthening policy and legislative frameworks as well as institutional capacity across MDAs.



## 1.1 Functions of the State Department

The above mandate is granulized into the following functions: -

1. Coordinating the identification, prioritization and enactment of policies and legislation necessary to achieve the national development agenda;
2. Providing timely guidance and direction on the appropriate measures to be undertaken to address challenges constraining the realization of the legal framework necessary to achieve the national government development agenda;
3. Oversight to ensure public participation and the involvement of other stakeholders in the development of policies and legislation by MDAs;
4. Monitoring and evaluating the progress of policy and legislative initiatives for the timely realization of the government development agenda;
5. Coordinating parliamentary liaison services across MDAs;
6. Facilitating seamless interaction between the Executive and Parliament to ensure effective and harmonious dispatch of Government business in Parliament;
7. Collaborating with MDAs and other relevant institutions to build capacity on policy and legislation making processes and Parliamentary liaison; and
8. Collaborating with Parliament to enhance accountability of MDAs.

## 1.2 Vision and Mission

The State Department's mandate is supported by the following Vision and Mission Statements: -

### Vision Statement

Excellency in coordination of a transformative Government Legislative Agenda

### Mission Statement

To effectively coordinate the formulation and implementation of the National Government Policies and Legislation to accelerate the achievement of the National Development Agenda





## COORDINATION OF THE GOVERNMENT LEGISLATIVE AGENDA AND PARLIAMENTARY LIAISON

### 2.0 OVERVIEW

The Constitution of Kenya, 2010 established a presidential system of government with the Executive no longer present in Parliament. While institutional independence is desired vis-à-vis the Legislature, the Executive retains a vested interest in national legislation and parliamentary business because its development agenda requires policy and legislative backing to be fully implemented.

The State Department for Parliamentary Affairs is therefore tasked with the mandate of coordinating and facilitating the realization of the Government Legislative Agenda as an enabler of the National Development Agenda. This includes facilitating seamless interaction between the Executive and Parliament to ensure effective and harmonious dispatch of Government business in Parliament.

While the idea of an entity charged with parliamentary affairs is novel in Kenya, the establishment of the State Department in the organization of the Government of Kenya is grounded in regional and global best practices. Various countries around the world do maintain frameworks vested with the parliamentary affairs function. These countries include Ghana, Zambia, Sudan, India, Guyana, Pakistan and Timor-Leste.



To deliver on its mandate, the State Department developed key GLA coordination tools including the Public Policy Handbook, the Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024 and the Parliamentary Liaison Framework. The effective uptake and compliance of these tools by MDAs is imperative for the realization of the benefits envisaged in the implementation of GLA. The key areas of coordination include:-

- a) The identification, prioritization and enactment of policies and legislation necessary to achieve the national development agenda.
- b) Monitor and evaluate the progress of policy and legislative initiatives.
- c) Public participation and the involvement of stakeholders in policy making and implementation processes.
- d) Parliamentary liaison services across MDAs.
- e) The interaction of the Executive and Parliament.

### **2.1 Identification, prioritization and enactment of policies and legislation**

The State Department serves as a vital coordination framework, continuously auditing and assessing government legislation in terms of their adherence to the development procedures and processes, the Constitution, recognition of devolved governance systems, and advancement of sectoral strategic priorities.



The MDAs' GLA Roundtables: The GLA Roundtables convened by the State Department have strengthened coordination of the GLA by creating a structured platform for joint review and engagement on the government policy and legislative commitments. These fora have enabled MDAs to review and reflect on the progress on various interventions, reconcile and validate reported progress, and enhance consistency. They have also provided an opportunity to identify and address emerging legal, policy, and operational conflicts affecting law and policy formulation.

The first of these roundtables was convened in July-August, 2023 where the foundations of the government's legislative agenda were cemented. The latest of these roundtables were between 29th September 2025 and 3rd October 2025 with the objective of validating progress reports, reviewing existing commitments to ascertain current priorities as well as establishing conflicts and inconsistencies impeding the effective realization of the GLA. This joint engagement helped to map out the legal, policy, and operational conflicts and inconsistencies related to the achievement of the legislative agenda and make appropriate recommendations for mitigation.

**Participation in the vetting of Ministerial Performance Contracts:** As a Key Performance Indicator (KPI) owner of the GLA, the State Department participated in the vetting of Ministerial Performance Contracts for FYs 2024/2025 and 2025/2026 where GLA priorities as set out in the Ministerial PCs were ascertained. Reports from the vetting processes continue to provide a basis for identifying priority initiatives.

The following table indicates the number of ongoing GLA initiatives that were included in the MDAs Performance Contracts and Work Plans for FY 2025/2026. As demonstrated by Table 1 below, almost every Ministry has a GLA commitment in its FY 2025/26 Performance Contract. This is a promising demonstration of commitment to the delivery of policy and legislative commitments by the MDAs.



The general picture however is that majority of ongoing initiatives have not been committed in MDAs Performance Contracts or work plans. MDAs are overly cautious to commit on Performance Contracts majorly due to budgetary constraints.

*Table 1: Prioritization of GLA Interventions by MDAs in Ministerial PCs and State Department Workplans*

S/NO	Office/Ministry	PC	WP
1	Office of The Deputy President	4	3
2	Office of The Prime Cabinet Secretary and Ministry for Foreign & Diaspora Affairs	13	6
3	Interior and National Administration	9	6
4	Defence	-	-
5	The National Treasury	8	-
6	Public Service, Human Capital Development and Special Programmes	9	2
7	Roads and Transport	29	12
8	Lands, Public Works, Housing and Urban Development	3	10
9	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	31	1
10	Health	2	-
11	Education	11	7
12	Agriculture and Livestock Development	13	15
13	Investments, Trade and Industry	25	5
14	Co-operatives and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMES) Development	9	-
15	Youth Affairs, Creative Economy and Sports	7	-
16	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	15	2
17	Tourism and Wildlife	-	-
18	Gender, Culture and Children Services	11	10
19	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	2	-
20	Energy and Petroleum	4	7
21	Labour and Social Protection	7	8

S/NO	Office/Ministry	PC	WP
22	East African Community (EAC), the ASALS and Regional Development	2	1
23	Mining, Blue Economy and Maritime Affairs	20	9
24	Office of the Attorney General	9	2
Total		243	106
Percentage of Total		29	13

## 2.2 Key Coordination interventions

During the reporting period, the State Department undertook several targeted interventions to address procedural lapses, ensure compliance with legal requirements and to facilitate timely progress on GLA commitments. These actions focused on clarifying ambiguities, requesting updates and correcting publications to uphold transparency and constitutional standards. The State Department has continued to play a central role in strengthening the coordination of Government Legislative agenda through targeted interventions that enhance the quality of initiatives, timeliness, compliance and coherence across Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs). Below is a summary of some of the key interventions and support across Government: -

*a) Technical support in the development of various initiatives:* Rendering technical support to various MDAs in the development of policy and legislative initiatives including, the Public Service Performance Management Bill, 2025; the Religious Organizations Bill, 2025; The SACCO Societies (Amendment) Bill, 2025; the Governance Pact, including the draft Public Service Misconduct Bill, 2025; review of the Foreign Service Act (Cap. 185E); the Public Sector-Private Sector Engagement Policy and Bill, the National Policy on the Elimination of Child Labour; the Labour Migration Management Bill; the Framework for the Registration and Regulation of Foreign Agents and Lobbyists; the National Policy on Ethnic Minorities and Marginalized Communities and Bill; the Public Participation Bill, 2025; the Whistleblowers Protection Bill, 2025; the Anti-Corruption Laws Amendment Bill, 2025; and the Education Reform Bills.

*b) Inquiry on Film and Stage Plays Regulations:* SDPA sought clarification from the State Department for Youth Affairs & Creative Economy regarding the Film and Stage Plays (Self-Classification) Regulations, 2025 (Legal Notice No. 84 of 2025), noting their unavailability online, potential overlap with prior regulations (Legal Notice No. 185 of 2024), and lack of evidence for public participation.

*c) Guidance on Pending Bills:* SDPA urged the Attorney-General's office to provide status updates and timelines for Cabinet-approved Bills yet to be introduced in Parliament, enabling better preparation by relevant MDAs;

*d) Correction of Incomplete Gazette Notices:* SDPA notified the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizen Affairs of an incomplete Kenya Gazette Notice (Vol. CXXVII-No. 192, 12th September 2025) on the Regulatory Impact Statement for the Community Groups Registration Regulations, 2025, recommending republication and public notification to ensure effective engagement.

*e) Advisory on the operationalization of the Kenya National Commission on Culture and Social Services:* Issuance of an advisory to His Excellency the Prime Cabinet Secretary following the Parliamentary Resolution that called for the preparation of a legislative instrument to operationalize the Kenya National Commission on Culture and Social Services.

*f) Policy Guidance on the Assumption of the Office of President and Transition of Executive Authority Bill:* Issuance of policy guidance to the Office of the Attorney-General following the position taken by the National Assembly Departmental Committee on Internal Security and National Administration on the Assumption of the Office of the President and Transition of Executive Authority Bill, 2025 (NA. Bill No. 1 of 2025); and

*g) Legislative Briefs:* The State Department, mandated to serve as the liaison between the Leadership of Parliament and the Executive, continues to support the offices of the Leaders of Majority through Legislative Briefs and Moving Notes developed with input from the respective originating MDAs. In undertaking this role, the Department liaises with the respective MDAs and receives legislative briefs to aid in the preparation of the moving notes, thereby ensuring effective coordination and alignment on legislative matters. The Legislative Briefs prepared are listed below-



*Table 2: List of Briefs generated for Government Bills in Parliament*

S/NO.	LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVE	OBJECTIVE
1.	Public Service Superannuation Scheme (Amendment) Bill, 2025.	The Bill enhances the governance, administration, and management of the Scheme by aligning it with the Retirement Benefits Act. It seeks to ensure transparency, accountability, and efficiency in handling members' contributions and benefits; strengthen the role of the Board of Trustees; and safeguard public officers' retirement savings.
2.	Competition (Amendment) Bill, 2025.	The Bill strengthens the regulation of the digital economy by expanding the powers of the Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) and enhancing consumer protection. It introduces tougher penalties for digital market violations, mandates public input on mergers, and reinforces enforcement against non-compliance.
3.	Privatization Bill, 2025.	The Privatization Bill, 2025 creates a new regulatory framework for the privatization of public entities. The Bill, which replaces the nullified Privatization Act, 2023, aims to improve the efficiency of state-owned entities by increasing private sector participation in the economy.
4.	Pyrethrum (Repeal) Bill, 2024.	The Pyrethrum (Repeal) Bill, 2024 repeals the Pyrethrum Act (CAP. 340). This is intended to resolve legal and institutional duplication by placing the regulation of the pyrethrum industry entirely under the harmonized framework of the Crops Act (CAP. 318).
5.	The Air Passenger Service Charge (Amendment) Bill, 2025.	The objective of the Bill is to revise and align passenger service charges with current aviation sector needs by adjusting rates for both domestic and international travel, enhancing revenue collection, and supporting the maintenance and development of airport infrastructure.
6.	The Government Owned Enterprises Bill, 2025.	The Bill establishes a unified legal and institutional framework for the governance, management, and oversight of state corporations, with the aim of enhancing efficiency, transparency, accountability, and financial sustainability in government-owned enterprises.
7.	The Judges' Retirement Benefits Bill, 2025.	The main objective of the Judges' Retirement Benefits Bill, 2025 is to provide a dedicated legal framework for managing and administering the retirement benefits of judges, ensuring transparency, consistency, and timely payment of benefits while safeguarding the welfare and dignity of judges upon retirement.

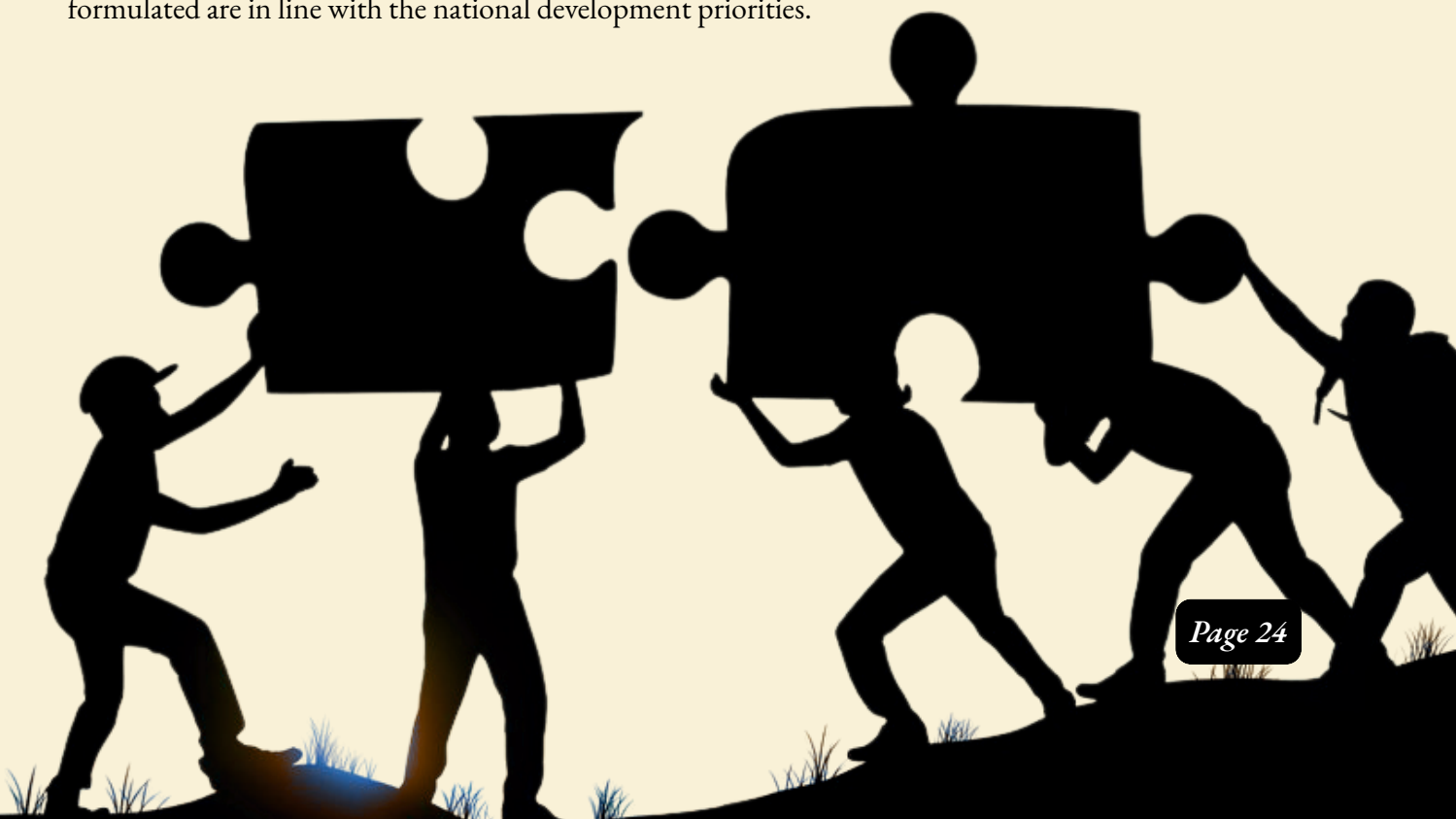
S/NO.	LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVE	OBJECTIVE
8.	Livestock Bill, 2025	The Livestock Bill, 2025 provides a progressive, comprehensive and modern framework for the development, regulation and commercialization of the livestock sector. It seeks to coordinate policies, regulate inputs and products, strengthen research, build capacity and enhance access for livestock and livestock products.
9.	The Forest Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2025	The Forest Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2025 has been developed to modernize the legal framework, strengthen institutional mandates, enhance enforcement, promote climate resilient and commercially viable forestry practices and position Kenya to fully participate in the global green economy while achieving and sustaining the national target of tree cover.
10.	The Quality Healthcare and Patient Safety Bill, 2025	Quality Healthcare and Patient Safety Bill, 2025 establishes a comprehensive legal framework for ensuring high standards of care, protecting patient rights, and enhancing accountability across the health sector.

### 2.3 Implementation of the GLA Coordination tools

The SDPA has been utilizing several tools to support the realization of its primary mandate of GLA coordination and Parliamentary Liaison.

#### 2.3.1 Implementation of Public Policy Handbook for Kenya

The Public Policy Handbook for Kenya was developed in collaboration with both internal and external stakeholders to coordinate the public policy-making process in Kenya and ensure that the policies formulated are in line with the national development priorities.



The Handbook provides a standard approach to public policy development, addressing the gaps in the public policy-making process and provides guidance in addressing emerging issues. The Directorate for Policy Coordination and Strategy strives to ensure compliance and enforcement of the Handbook by MDAs.

### 2.3.2 Policy Review and Advisory

The State Department has strengthened GLA coordination through the systematic review of draft policies submitted by MDAs. MDAs submit their draft public policies to the State Department for review and advice before submission to Cabinet for approval. Specifically, the review entails the following:

- i. Compliance with the form and content guidelines outlines in the Handbook.
- ii. Review and prioritization of policies necessary to achieve the National Development Agenda; and
- iii. Analysis on emerging issues of public concern.

The form and content guidelines outlined in the Handbook are designed to enhance policy quality and coherence.

During the reporting period, a total of **13** draft policies were reviewed to ensure alignment with the Handbook. Those reviewed cut across all five clusters and included submissions from State Departments such as Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Development; Public Works; Energy; Petroleum; Blue Economy and Fisheries; Labour and Social Protection; and Correctional Services, among others. This review function has enhanced consistency in policy structure, and alignment to the National Development Agenda. However, it is noted that despite the requirement for MDAs to submit draft policies for review **prior to undertaking public participation**, some State Departments have not consistently adhered to this process.

*Table 3: List of Draft Policies Submitted for Review*

S/No.	Policy Name	State Department	Cluster
1	Public Works Management Policy, 2024	State Department for Public Works	Infrastructure
2	National Energy Policy (2025-2034)	State Department for Energy	Infrastructure
3	Draft MSMEs Policy,	State Department for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Development	Finance and production
4	National Petroleum Policy	Petroleum	Infrastructure
5	Aquaculture Policy 2025	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Environment and Natural Resources
6	Kenya Children Policy,2025	State Department for Children Services	Social

S/NO	Policy Name	State Department	Cluster
7	Kenya National Correctional Service Policy,	Correctional Services	Governance and Public Administration
8	National Policy on Ethnic Minorities and Marginalized Communities	Submitted to Chief of Staff, State Department for Public Service	Governance and Public Administration
9	Religious Organization Policy	National Government Coordination	Governance and Public Administration
10	Draft Public Service Innovation Delivery Policy Review	Public Service	Governance and Public Administration
11	The Draft Kenya E-Commerce Policy	Trade	Finance and production
12	National Policy on Integrated Natural Resources Management 2025	Executive Office of the President	Environment and Natural Resources

### 2.3.3 Public Policy Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

A key milestone in strengthening GLA coordination is the ongoing development of the Public Policy Monitoring and Evaluation Framework, which is currently undergoing public participation. The framework aims to introduce standardized tools, indicators and methodologies for tracking progress in policy formulation and implementation across government. Once finalized, it will provide a unified system for identifying gaps, enhancing accountability and generating evidence to inform policy decisions, thereby reinforcing coherence and continuous improvement in the public policy cycle. The framework will ensure that policy initiatives remain on track, comply with established procedures, and receive the necessary technical support.



#### 2.3.4 The Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024

The Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation codify and standardize the end-to-end process of developing policy, legislation and statutory instruments. They aim to foster harmony and predictability in policy and legislative development processes across government and ensure compliance with statutory requirements.

#### 2.3.5 The Legislative Agenda Tracking Information System (LATIS)

LATIS is a coordination tool that leverages technology to digitize the tracking and reporting of the progress of GLA initiatives. The digitization is part of the State Department's participation in the Digitalization Agenda and will enhance operational efficiency in coordinating and implementing the GLA. Three modules of LATIS (Bills, Policy and Policy Repository) have been developed and piloted with the Governance and Public Administration cluster. Development of the Statutory Instrument and Parliamentary Liaison Module has also commenced. Through LATIS, tracking and reporting on the progress on the implementation of GLA will be enhanced.



The Policy Repository provides a centralized digital platform that serves as the official database for all public policies in Kenya. It maintains query-able database of all policies in force, allows version control and historical policy tracking and supports policy search and cross-reference capabilities.

The following table presents a summary of existing policies by cluster as submitted by MDAs for upload onto SDPA's policy repository. LATIS' development and roll out has however largely been hampered by resource constraints.

*Table 4: Summaries by Cluster*

S/NO	Cluster	Number of Policies
1	Social	57
2	Finance & Production	24
3	Infrastructure	21
4	Environment & Natural Resources Cluster	12
5	Governance & Public Admin	8
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>122</b>

*Source: Submissions from MDAs to SDPA Policy Repository*



### **2.3.6 The Parliamentary Liaison Framework**

The framework aims at enhancing the working relationships between Parliament and the Executive arm of Government while maintaining the sanctity of the constitutional separation of powers between these two arms of Government. It aims to enhance coordination and liaison between the Executive and Parliament.

The framework codifies various parliamentary liaison practices and provides for various actions that support the Executive's action on Question Time and Committee Appearances. In doing so the Framework, amongst other things, builds the Executive's capacity in parliamentary matters by bridging the information and knowledge gap on parliamentary language and procedures thus enhancing the Executive's responsiveness to parliamentary matters.

### **2.3.7 The Stakeholder Engagement Framework**

The Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024, prescribe the overall processes of developing policies and legislation. The Stakeholder Engagement Framework supports these Guidelines by unbundling and offering clarity on stakeholder engagement processes.

The Framework aims to institutionalize meaningful stakeholder engagement across all stages of legislative development from conceptualization and drafting to review, validation and final enactment.



It is designed to guide Ministries, Departments and Agencies at both national and county levels in planning, executing, monitoring and evaluating stakeholder consultations in a manner that is inclusive, evidence-based and results-oriented. By standardizing engagement practices, the Stakeholder Engagement Framework aims to reduce inconsistencies, mitigate risks of legal challenges due to inadequate participation and ultimately contribute to the development of responsive, equitable and sustainable legislation.

#### **2.4 Weekly Public Participation Issues**

Involvement of the people remains central to the policy and legislative process as enshrined in Article 10 and 232 of the Constitution. As part of its public participation oversight function therefore, the State Department maintains weekly summaries of initiatives that have been committed to public participation. This has enabled impactful engagements between the State Departments and implementing agencies resulting in early detection and mitigation of process-related risks.

The State Department also supports implementing agencies in ensuring the involvement of the public and stakeholders in their policy and legislative development processes by also publishing their notices of public participation in the State Departments social media platforms. This strategy is aimed at ensuring that all available avenues are utilized to ensure reach to the greatest reach to all intended audiences in pursuit of meaningful public participation and stakeholder engagement.

#### **2.5 The Department's role in facilitating BETA outcomes**

The State Department plays a pivotal coordinating and facilitative role at the interface between the Executive and Parliament. In the context of BETA and MTP IV, the SDPA has been instrumental in: -

1. Tracking the progress of Bills, statutory instruments and policies through the Parliamentary process and advising the Executive on emerging issues;
2. Facilitating structured engagement between the Executive and Parliamentary committees to address policy, legal and technical concerns;
3. Supporting Executive accountability through coordination of responses to Parliamentary questions and committee recommendations;
4. Identifying and profiling Executive legislative, statutory and policy initiatives that directly support national development priorities;
5. Coordinating the prioritization and timely transmission of initiatives to Parliament in line with the Government Legislative Agenda (GLA);
6. Supporting Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) to prepare quality legislative and policy proposals that meet Parliamentary standards;

Through these functions, the SDPA ensures coherence between Executive policy intentions and Parliamentary outcomes, thereby accelerating the achievement of MTP IV commitments and BETA targets.



“

Involvement of the people remains central to the policy and legislative process as enshrined in Article 10 and 232 of the Constitution.

”



# Section Three

## IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT LEGISLATIVE AGENDA AND PARLIAMENTARY LIAISON

### 3.0 OVERVIEW

The Government Legislative Agenda (GLA) is the schedule of policy and legislative initiatives that the government intends to pursue or is pursuing as enablers to realize the national development agenda. Seamless integration of the legislative agenda and the parliamentary liaison process is pursued to complete the delivery circle which comprises the development of initiatives by Government and their eventual transmittal to Parliament for consideration and approval.

The rationale of the GLA coordination function is informed by the need for a unified repository of records of the total initiatives being pursued by Government.

The previous landscape was characterized by unpredictable and ad hoc tracking and reporting mechanisms, duplication and overlaps of efforts, missed prioritization opportunities, silo approaches in realizing development goals and inefficient use of time, resources and efforts following up the progress of various initiatives.

The coordination function is in tandem with the tenets of good governance as provided for in Article 10 to enable realization of the national development agenda as well as promote accountability and transparency to our stakeholders and development partners.

### 3.1 Overall Numbers

The Government acknowledges the GLA to be a living programme whose extent and reach is determined by various covariate circumstances. Key in these circumstances has been the fact that, with the advent of the Fifth Administration, MDAs were required to mainstream the Administration’s development agenda in their programmes, an exercise that has seen MDAs progressively identify the necessary policy and legislative reforms necessary to support it. As at December 2025, the total number of initiatives in the GLA Schedule stood at 1,281, comprising 284 policy initiatives, 343 legislative initiatives and 654 statutory initiatives. Out of the 1,281 GLA initiatives 290 have been concluded, 849 are ongoing and 142 have been discontinued.

*Table 5: Comparison of GLA by initiative type*

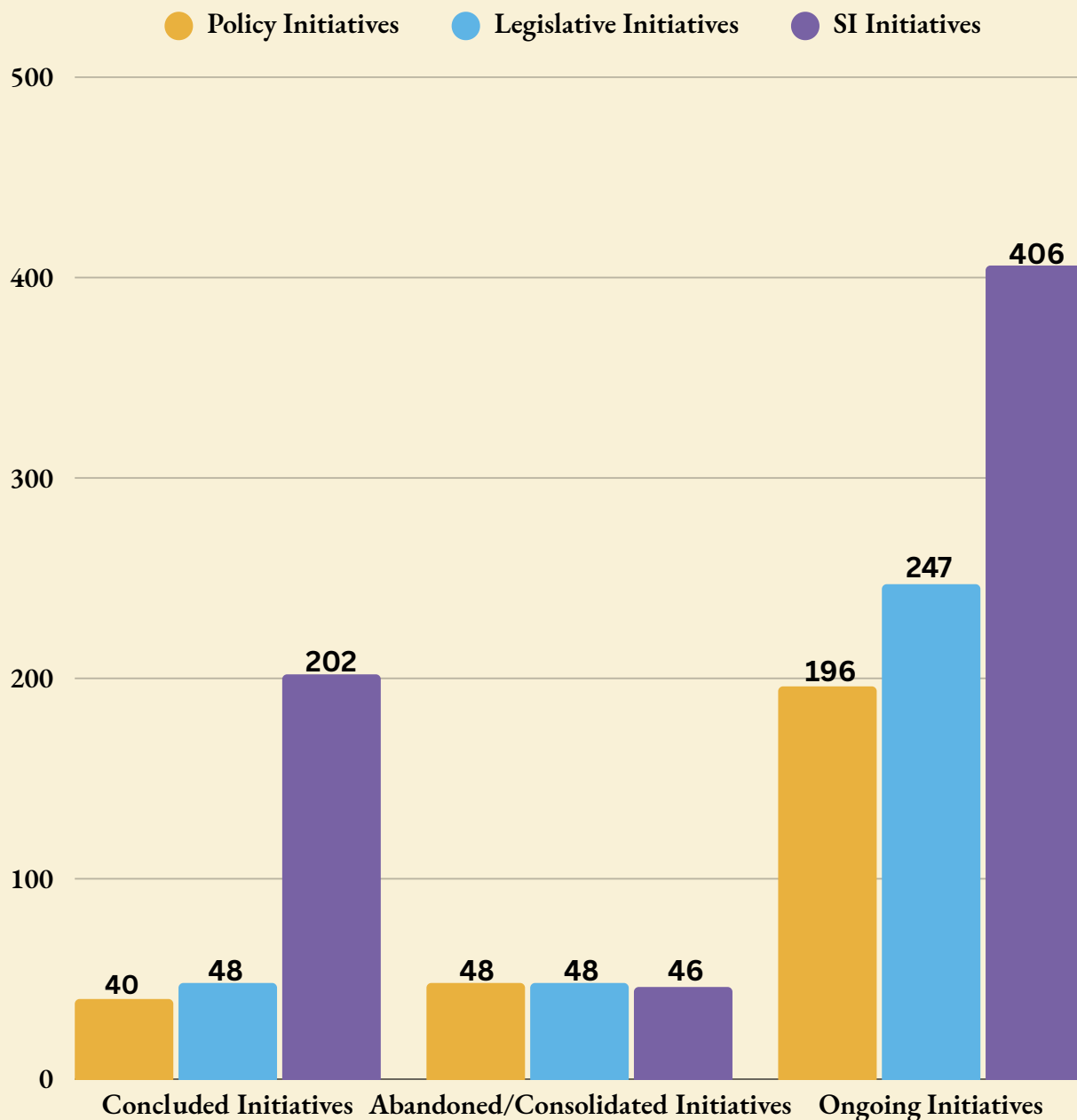
Initiative Types	February, 2024	July - Dec, 2024	January - Dec, 2025
Policy Initiatives	203	266	284
Legislative Initiatives	244	277	343
Statutory Instruments Initiatives	325	482	654
<b>Totals</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>1025</b>	<b>1281</b>

The summary of initiatives by status is shown in table 6 below.

*Table 6: Summary of initiatives by Status*

Segment	Concluded Initiatives	Abandoned/Consolidated Initiatives	Ongoing Initiatives	Total
Policy Initiatives	40	48	196	284
Legislative Initiatives	48	48	247	343
SI Initiatives	202	46	406	654
<b>Total</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>1281</b>

Figure 1: GLA status by broad category



A review of the status of implementation of the GLA for the reporting period was undertaken in liaison with MDAs during consultative roundtables held in the months of September and October 2025. The roundtables helped clarify various emerging issues and ultimately produce an updated GLA Schedule.

Table 7: All Initiatives by Cluster

Cluster	Number of the Initiatives
Finance & Production	328
Infrastructure	318
Social	261

Table 7: All Initiatives by Cluster

Cluster	Number of the Initiatives
Governance & Public Administration	209
Environment & Natural Resources	146
Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills	19
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1281</b>

### 3.1.2 Status of GLA initiatives

The GLA currently comprises a total of 1,281 commitments. Some of these have already been completed while others have been discontinued. Statutory instruments form the bulk of the GLA commitments, almost double the number of legislative initiatives, the segment with the second highest number of commitments. While the number of policy initiatives seems evenly distributed across the sectors, there are considerably more legislative initiatives in the finance and production cluster. For statutory instruments segment, the infrastructure cluster as well as the finance & production cluster also stand out with the highest number of initiatives.

Table 8: Completed Initiatives by cluster

Cluster	Legislative	Policy	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Environment & Natural Resources	1	3	51	55
Finance & Production	20	15	58	93
Governance & Public Administration	8	4	20	32
Infrastructure	6	4	54	64
Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills	8	0	0	8
Social	5	14	19	38
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>290</b>

Completed initiatives are largely those that are either recorded as approved, published or under implementation. This category also includes those that are recorded as Deferred, Annulled, Withdrawn, Lapsed or Lost as they too have completed the development cycle. The Table above shows that the statutory instrument segment has recorded higher completion numbers (202) as compared to the other two segments. The policy and legislative segments have recorded the completion of a similar number of commitments, 40 and 48 respectively.

### 3.1.2 Initiatives in Parliament

There are 79 government (National Executive sponsored) initiatives awaiting approval in Parliament. This includes 5 Sessional Papers, 44 Bills and 30 Statutory Instruments. With 26 pending initiatives, the finance and production sector has the highest number of initiatives pending in Parliament. This is followed by the infrastructure sector at 17 and governance and Public Administration at 11. The environment and natural resources sector and social sectors have 8 and 6 initiatives each pending in Parliament.


*Table 9: Initiatives awaiting Parliamentary approval by cluster*

S/NO	Row Labels	Legislative	Policy	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
1	Environment & Natural Resources	4	0	4	8
2	Finance & Production	19	0	7	26
3	Governance & Public Administration	4	4	3	11
4	Infrastructure	2	1	14	17
5	Social	4	0	2	6
6	Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills	11	0	0	11
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>44</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>79</b>

### 3.1.3 Discontinued/Abandoned and merged initiatives

*Table 10: Discontinued Initiatives by cluster*

Cluster	Legislative	Policy	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Environment & Natural Resources	2	1	1	4
Finance & Production	10	1	10	21
Governance & Public Administration	13	19	7	39
Infrastructure	12	7	15	34
Social	11	20	13	44
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>142</b>



The evolution of government policy and legislative commitments has in part also resulted in the discontinuation/abandonment and in other instances, merger of work streams across the various GLA segments. Available data shows that 48, 48 and 46 commitments in the Policy, Legislative and Statutory Instrument segments respectively were either abandoned or merged. The policy segment recorded the highest discontinuation numbers while the statutory instrument segment recorded the lowest.

Some initiatives have been abandoned along the way owing to various circumstances. Some have been merged into other ongoing initiatives and others have become redundant owing to institutional changes and policy shifts. Two main trends have emerged: consolidation of overlapping policies and discontinuation of initiatives that no longer align with government priorities.

The State Department for Internal Security and National Administration accounted for most discontinued policies, reflecting a broader restructuring of the security sector and a shift toward integrated, multi-agency operations. Similarly, the ICT and Digital Economy sector discontinued several standalone cybersecurity and digital policies in favour of more harmonized, whole-of-government digital standards. In the education sector, some initiatives were discontinued, while many were merged to support comprehensive reforms recommended by the Presidential Working Party on Education Reform. Other sectors, including Youth Affairs, Housing and Urban Development, Social Protection, and Health, also streamlined their policies, mainly retiring outdated or unaligned policies.

Overall, this consolidation effort demonstrates a strategic move to reduce duplication, improve policy coherence, and focus resources on fewer, more robust instruments. For decision makers, the findings highlight the importance of stronger policy appraisal systems and early feasibility assessments to prevent future policy attrition and ensure alignment with national development priorities. Table 10 above shows that a total of 142 out of the 1,281 initiatives have been discontinued.

### **3.1.4 Ongoing initiatives**

There are 849 ongoing initiatives representing approximately 66.3 % of all commitments across segments. This comprises commitments that are actively under development at various stages and do not include completed and discontinued initiatives. The Statutory Instruments segment recorded the highest number of ongoing initiatives. This is followed by the legislative and policy segments respectively.

At 220 initiatives, the infrastructure sector leads with the highest number of ongoing initiatives followed closely by finance and production at 214. The environment and natural resources sector recorded the least ongoing initiatives.

*Table 11 : Ongoing Initiatives by cluster*

Current Phase	Legislative	Policy	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Environment & Natural Resources	17	21	49	87
Finance & Production	77	42	95	214
Governance & Public Administration	59	45	34	138
Infrastructure	38	36	146	220
Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills	11	0	0	11
<b>Social</b>	45	52	82	179
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>849</b>

Table 12 below shows that lot of the initiatives are still at pre-cabinet stages, for policy and legislative initiatives, and at pre-publication stages for statutory initiatives. Generally, most of the initiatives are between the initiation and MDA approval stages with only less than 20% awaiting Cabinet or Parliamentary approval.

*Table 12: Maturity Levels for Ongoing Initiatives*

Current Stage	Policy	Legislative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation	48	24	45	117
Drafting	53	79	90	222
Public Participation	28	30	98	156
MDA Approval & Final Draft	32	45	143	220
Cabinet Consideration and Approval / Transmittal	30	25	0	55
Parliamentary Consideration & Approval	5	44	30	79
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>849</b>

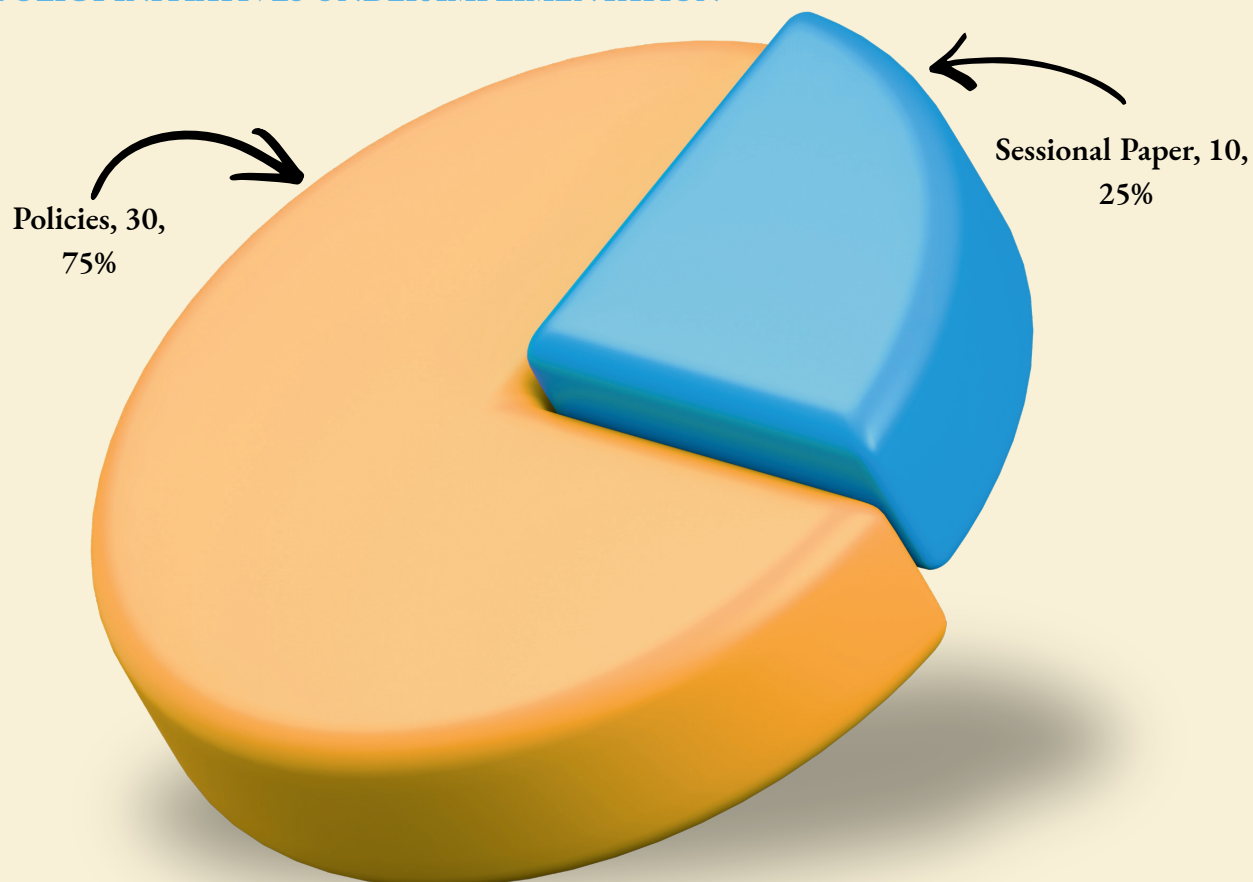
Table 13: Ongoing Initiatives by Ministry

S/N	Ministry	Policy	Legislative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
1	The National Treasury	15	33	44	92
2	Roads and Transport	9	12	57	78
3	Investments, Trade and Industry	16	20	22	58
4	Energy and Petroleum	4	1	52	57
5	Interior and National Administration	18	24	15	57
6	Agriculture and Livestock Development	9	20	24	53
7	Health	9	8	34	51
8	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	13	8	21	42
9	Labour and Social Protection	11	12	18	41
10	Gender, Culture and Children Services	13	9	16	38
11	Mining, Blue Economy and Maritime Affairs	8	7	21	36
12	Lands, Public Works, Housing and Urban development	8	12	9	29
13	Office of the Attorney General	9	15	5	29
14	Office of The Prime Cabinet Secretary and Ministry for Foreign & Diaspora Affairs	12	9	7	28
15	Education	14	7	5	26
16	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	1	3	19	23
17	Public Service, Human Capital Development and Special Programmes	9	7	3	19
18	Youth Affairs, Creative Economy and Sports	2	7	10	19
19	Office of The Deputy President	3	10	5	18

S/N	Ministry	Policy	Legislative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
20	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	2	5	7	14
21	Co-operatives and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMES) Development	3	4	6	13
22	Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills		11		11
23	Tourism and Wildlife	3	2	3	8
24	East African Community (EAC), the ASALS and Regional Development	3		2	5
25	Defence	2	1	1	4
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>196</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>849</b>

Figure 2: Approved Policies and sessional papers

**POLICY INITIATIVES UNDER IMPLIMENTATION**



## 3.2 Status of Implementation of the GLA

### 3.2.1 Progress of Policy Initiatives

40 Policy Initiatives have since achieved implementation status. Of these, 10 policies were adopted by Parliament as Sessional Papers, signaling successful transition from executive approval to legislative endorsement. Additionally, 5 policies were under active Parliamentary consideration as Sessional Papers. Overall, there was a transition of 15 policies into Parliament as Sessional Papers. It is worth noting that not all Policies qualify for transmission to Parliament for adoption as sessional papers, as some are self-executing once approved by Cabinet.

Implemented policies cut across critical sectors such as agriculture, environment, digital economy, public service, social protection, health, and labour. Notable examples include the National Agricultural Policy (Sessional Paper No. 2 of 2021), the Kenya National Population Policy for Sustainable Development (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2023), the National Tax Policy (Sessional Paper No. 2 of 2023), National Green Fiscal Incentives Policy (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2024), and the National Sanitation Management Policy (Sessional Paper No. 7 of 2024). Table 14 below is the list of policies under implementation.

*Table 14: List of Policies under Implementation*

S/No	Cluster	Ministry	Name of the Initiative
1	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	The Meteorology Policy
2	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	The National Forest Policy
3	Environment and Natural Resources	Gender, Culture and Children Services	The Languages of Kenya Policy
4	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The Agricultural Soil Management Policy
5	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The Food Safety Policy
6	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The Kenya Agricultural Sector Extension Policy
7	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The Leather Development Policy
8	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The National Agricultural Insurance Policy
9	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The National Agricultural Mechanization Policy

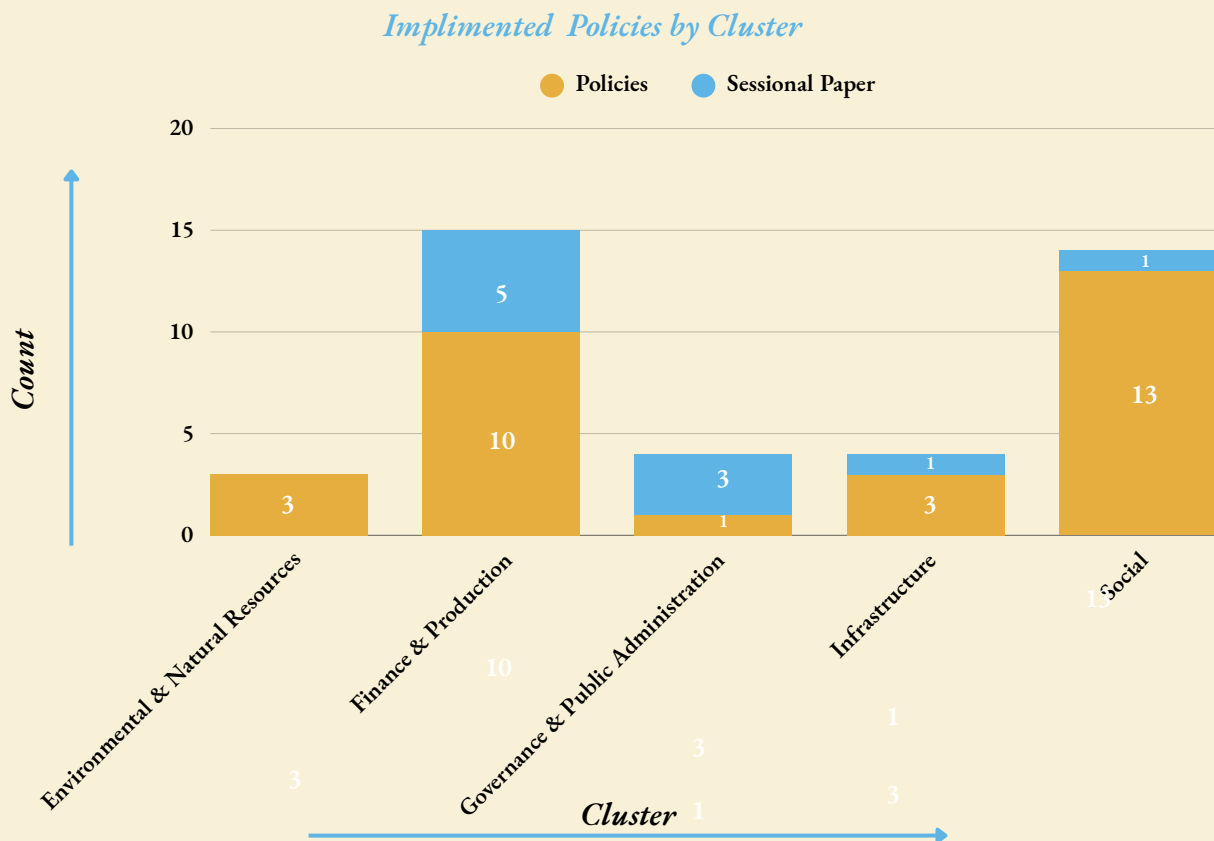
S/No.	Cluster	Ministry	Name of the Initiative
10	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The National Agricultural Policy (Sessional Paper No. 2 of 2021)
11	Finance & Production	Agriculture and Livestock Development	The National Phytosanitary Policy
12	Finance & Production	Investments, Trade and Industry	Sessional paper No. 1 of 2022 on the National Automotive policy
13	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	National Green Fiscal Incentives Policy (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2024)
14	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	The Kenya Double Taxation Agreements (DTA) Policy and Model
15	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	The Kenya National Population Policy for Sustainable Development (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2023)
16	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	The Leasing Sector Policy Framework
17	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	The National Retirement Benefits Policy
18	Finance & Production	The National Treasury	The National Tax Policy (Sessional Paper No. 2 of 2023)
19	Governance & Public Administration	Energy and Petroleum	Sessional Paper No. 2 of 2025 regarding the proposal on the privatization of the Kenya Pipeline Company Limited
20	Governance & Public Administration	Interior and National Administration	The National Policy for the Prevention, Management and Control of Alcohol, Drugs and Substance Abuse (formerly National Policy on Alcohol and Drug Abuse)
21	Governance & Public Administration	Office of the Attorney General	The National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2022)
22	Governance & Public Administration	Office of The Prime Cabinet Secretary and Ministry for Foreign & Diaspora Affairs	Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2025 on the Foreign Policy of the Republic of Kenya.
23	Infrastructure	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	The Kenya Cloud Policy

S/No	Cluster	Ministry	Name of the Initiative
24	Infrastructure	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	The National Spectrum Policy
25	Infrastructure	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	The Public Relations and Communication Management Policy 2023
26	Infrastructure	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	The National Sanitation Management Policy Sessional Paper No.7 of 2024
27	Social	Education	The Dual Training Policy
28	Social	Education	The Recognition of Prior Learning Policy
29	Social	Gender, Culture and Children Services	The National Policy on Family Promotion and Protection, 2023
29	Social	Gender, Culture and Children Services	The National Policy on Family Promotion and Protection, 2023
30	Social	Health	The Kenya Universal Health Coverage (UHC) Policy 2020–2030
31	Social	Health	The Traditional and Alternative Medicine Policy
32	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The Kenya Social Protection Policy 2023
33	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Career Guidance Policy
34	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Policy for Persons with Disability 2024
35	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Policy on Labour Migration (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2023)
36	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Policy on linking industry to education, training and research
37	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Policy on Rehabilitation of Street Families, 2023
38	Social	Labour and Social Protection	The National Skills Development Policy

S/No	Cluster	Ministry	Name of the Initiative
39	Social	Public Service, Human Capital Development and Special Programmes	The Payroll Management Policy for the Public Service
40	Social	Youth Affairs, Creative Economy and Sports	The Kenya Youth Development Policy 2019

The overall implementation landscape reflects strong progress in advancing the Government’s policy agenda across multiple sectors. As shown in Figure 3, the social and finance & production clusters account for the largest share of implemented policies, underscoring their centrality in delivering cross-cutting national priorities such as social protection, agricultural productivity, and fiscal reforms.

Figure 3: Policies under implementation by cluster



The following 5 policies are before Parliament awaiting adoption as Sessional Papers.

Table 15: Policies in Parliament for consideration as Sessional Papers

SN	Cluster	Ministry	State Department	Name of the Initiative
1	Governance & Public Administration	Office of the Attorney General	The State Law Office	The National Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy (Sessional Paper No. 4 of 2024)

SN	Cluster	Ministry	State Department	Name of the Initiative
2	Governance & Public Administration	Office of the Attorney General	The State Law Office	The Power of Mercy Policy Framework (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2024)
3	Governance & Public Administration	Office of the Attorney General	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2023 on the Kenya Policy on Public Participation
4	Governance & Public Administration	The National Treasury	National treasury	Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2025-Partial Divestiture in Safaricom PLC By GOK
5	Infrastructure	Roads and Transport	Aviation & Aerospace Development	The National Aviation Policy Sessional Paper No.6 of 2024

### 3.2.2 Progress on Legislative Initiatives

There are 343 bills that have been processed in the GLA schedule with the status of the initiatives shown in Table 16 below.

*Table 16: Status of GLA Bills*

S/NO	Current Status	No. of Bills
1	Initiation/Formation of Technical Team	24
2	Drafting	79
3	Public Participation	30
4	Ministerial approval/AG Formal Drafting/T ransmittal to Parliament	51
5	Cabinet Consideration and Approval	19
6	Parliamentary consideration	44
7	Approved*	39
8	Deferred/lapsed/Withdrawn	9
9	Abandoned / Discontinued/merged/	48
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>343</b>

*\*Out of the 39 approved legislative initiatives, 38 Bills have been assented into law while one Act, the Public Benefits Organizations Act (Cap. 314), was operationalized after enactment in 2013.*

A total of 90 Government Bills have been transacted by Parliament with 38 of them assented into law. Overall, the period witnessed an average of 30.5% transition rate of legislative commitments to Parliament and completion rate of 12.88 %.

*Table 17: Summary of Approved Bills*

S/N	Ministry	No. of Approved LIs
1	The National Treasury	16
2	Leader of Majority /Bipartisan Bills	5
3	Health	4
4	Office of the Attorney General	4
5	Interior and National Administration	2
6	Roads and Transport	2
7	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	1
8	Investments, Trade and Industry	1
9	Labour and Social Protection	1
10	Lands, Public Works, Housing and Urban development	1
11	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	1
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>38</b>

*Table 18: List of Legislative Initiatives enacted into law*

S/N	Name of the Initiative
1	The Air Passenger Service Charge Act (Cap. 478) (Amendment of.) (NA Bill No. 35 of 2025)
2	The National Government Constituencies Development Fund (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA. Bill No. 13 of 2023)
3	The Climate Change (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 42 of 2023)
4	The Digital Health Bill (NA Bill No. 57 of 2023)
5	The Facilities Improvement Financing Bill, 2023 (Sen. Bill No. 43 of 2023)
6	The Primary Health Care Bill, 2023 (Sen. Bill No. 44 of 2023)
7	The Social Health Insurance Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 58 of 2023)

S/N	Name of the Initiative
8	The Affordable Housing Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 75 of 2023)
9	The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 10 of 2024)
10	The Gambling Control Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 70 of 2023)
11	The National Lottery Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 69 of 2023)
12	The Business Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA. Bill No. 49 of 2024)
13	The Conflict-of-Interest Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No.12 of 2023)
14	The Privatization Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 36 of 2025)
15	The Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 11 of 2024)
16	The Kenya Roads (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill (NA Bill No. 16 of 2025)
17	The National Government Administration Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 73 of 2023)
18	The Social Protection Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 12 of 2025)
19	The Kenya Roads Board (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 18 of 2024)
20	The Water (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 33 of 2023)
21	The Capital Markets (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 30 of 2025)
22	The Anti-Money Laundering and Combatting Terrorism Financing laws (Amendment) Bill 2025 (NA Bill No. 5 of 2025)
23	The Excise Duty (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (National Assembly Bill No. 7 of 2025)
24	The Government Owned Entreprises Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 40 of 2025)
25	The Insurance (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 18 of 2023)
26	The National Rating Bill, 2022 (NA Bill No. 55 of 2022)
27	The Privatization Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 22 of 2023)
28	The Public Finance Management (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 16 of 2023)
29	The Tax Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 47 of 2024)

S/N	Name of the Initiative
30	Virtual Assets Service Providers Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 15 of 2025)
31	The Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 4 of 2023)
32	The Anti-Money Laundering and Combating of Terrorism Financing Law (NA Bill No. 35 of 2023)
33	The Kenya Revenue Authority (Amendment) (No.2) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 35 of 2024)
34	The Tax Procedures (Amendment) (No.2) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 46 of 2024)
35	The Provisional Collection of Taxes and Duties (Repeal) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 18 of 2025)
36	The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2022 (NA Bill No. 49 of 2022)
37	The Statute Law (Miscellaneous Amendment) (No.2) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 68 of 2023)
38	The Statute Law (Miscellaneous Amendment) Bill, 2022 (NA Bill No. 60 of 2022)

### 3.2.3 Progress on Statutory Instruments

The implementation of statutory instruments (SIs) demonstrates significant progress in strengthening Kenya's regulatory environment across key sectors. A total of 153 executive sponsored statutory instruments have so far been approved by Parliament.

The National Treasury recorded the highest output with 36 approved SIs, underscoring its central role in steering public finance management, tax administration, capital markets oversight, and economic governance. The Ministry for Environment, Climate Change and Forestry followed with 22 approved SIs, reflecting renewed focus on environment and climate change governance. Similarly, Mining, Blue Economy and Maritime Affairs recorded 14 approvals, signaling intensified regulatory efforts to support land administration, construction standards, and affordable housing delivery.

Other Ministries that have demonstrated notable contributions include Health (13 SIs), Lands, Public Works, Housing and Urban development (12 SIs), Agriculture and Livestock Development (11 SIs) and State Law Office (10 SIs).

Though other sub-sectors recorded fewer approvals, the breadth of instruments across all 16 Ministries with approvals demonstrates a broad-based commitment to regulatory modernization. Overall, the implementation of SIs reinforces the government's reform agenda by ensuring timely operationalization of policy, enhancing legal certainty, and strengthening institutional accountability in the delivery of BETA.

Overall, there was a transition rate of 38.18% of Statutory Instruments from the Executive to Parliament. This consists of 232 of the 608 active statutory instruments including approved statutory instruments as well as those that were pending Parliamentary approval at the end of the reporting period.

Table 19: Number of Approved Statutory Instruments

S/N	Regulatory Making Authority	No. of Approved SIs	Ongoing Initiatives	Lost/ Revoked/ Annulled/ Withdrawn SIs	No. of Abandoned	Total
1	The National Treasury	37	44	2	6	89
2	Energy and Petroleum	5	52	9	6	72
3	Roads and Transport	4	57	1	6	68
4	Health	13	34	1	1	49
5	Mining, Blue Economy and Maritime Affairs	22	21	6	0	49
6	Environment, Climate Change and Forestry	14	19	8	1	42
7	Agriculture and Livestock Development	11	24	4	0	39
8	Lands, Public Works, Housing and Urban development	12	9	9	1	31
9	Investments, Trade and Industry	2	22	1	2	27
10	Information, Communications and the Digital Economy	2	21	1	2	26
11	Interior and National Administration	6	15	2	3	26
12	Labour and Social Protection	0	18	0	7	25
13	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	8	7	3	1	19

S/N	Regulatory Making Authority	No. of Approved SIs	Ongoing Initiatives	Lost/ Revoked/ Annulled/ Withdrawn SIs	No. of Abandoned	Total
14	Gender, Culture and Children Services	0	16	0	0	16
15	Office of the Attorney General	10	5	0	1	16
16	Youth Affairs, Creative Economy and Sports	2	10	0	1	13
17	Education	2	5	1	3	11
18	Co-operatives and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMES) Development	1	6	0	2	9
19	Office of The Prime Cabinet Secretary and Ministry for Foreign & Diaspora Affairs	0	7	0	2	9
20	Office of The Deputy President	0	5	0	1	6
21	Tourism and Wildlife	1	3	0	0	4
22	Defence	2	1	0	0	3
23	Public Service, Human Capital Development and Special Programmes	0	3	0	0	3
24	East African Community (EAC), the ASALS and Regional Development	0	2	0	0	2
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>154</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>654</b>

### 3.3 Government Legislative Agenda as a driver of the National Development Agenda

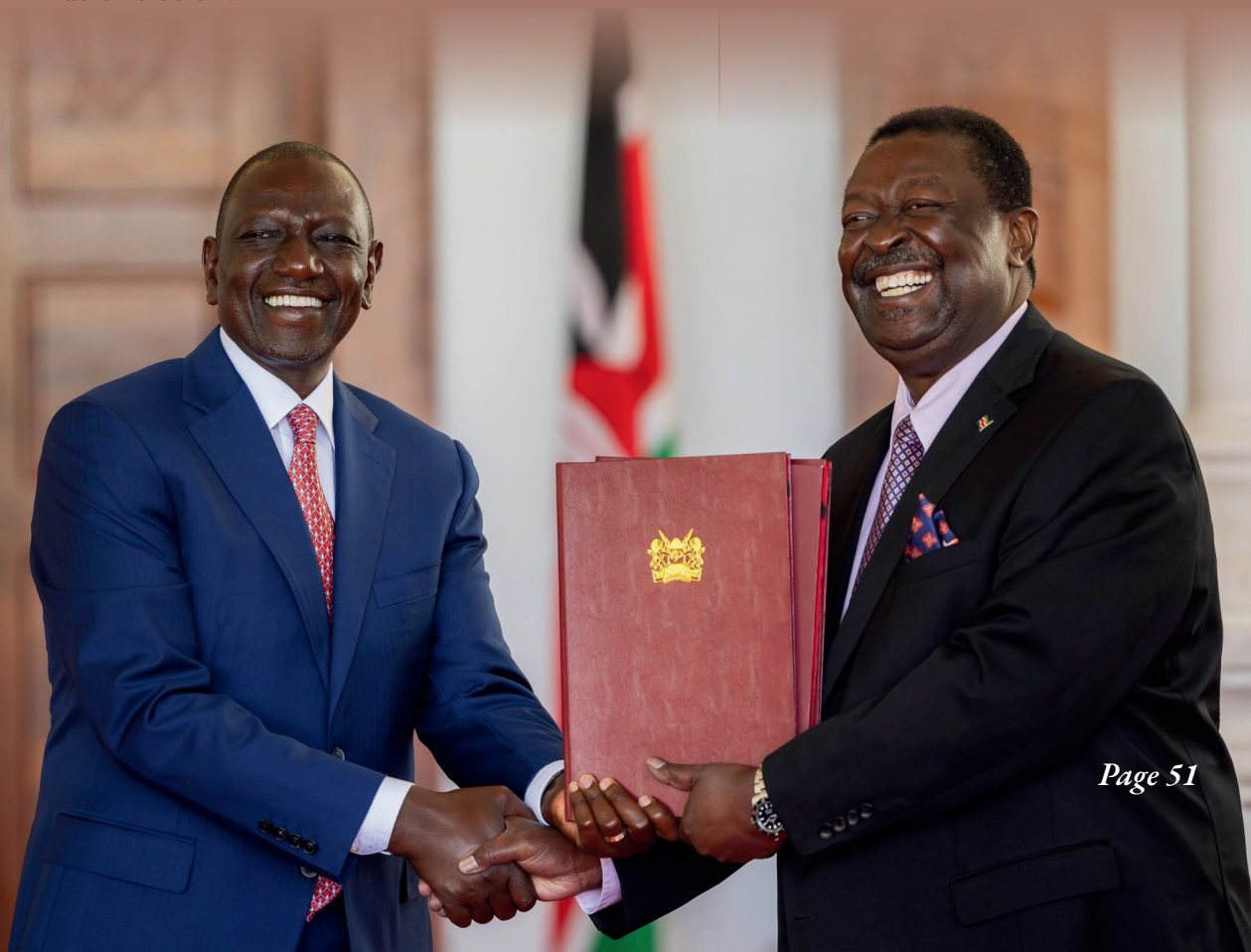
The Bottom-up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA) is designed to catalyze economic recovery in Kenya by focusing on grassroots communities and value chain development across key sectors.

This national development agenda, around which the MTPIV was formulated, seeks to address pressing national concerns such as high cost of living, unemployment, and economic inequalities. BETA's approach is to prioritize the sectors that will have the greatest impact on job creation, income distribution, social security, tax revenue generation, and foreign exchange earnings, ensuring that growth is inclusive and benefits the broader population.

BETA is structured around five central pillars: Agricultural Transformation, MSME Economy, Healthcare, Housing and Settlement, and the Digital Superhighway and Creative Industry. Each pillar targets a specific area critical to Kenya's socio-economic development. Agricultural transformation aims to boost productivity and value addition in food systems, while the MSME pillar focuses on empowering small businesses as engines of job creation. The healthcare pillar seeks to enhance universal health coverage and social security. The housing and settlement pillar addresses affordable housing needs while the digital superhighway and creative industry support innovation, digital infrastructure, and the creative sector.

To support these pillars, BETA incorporates 12 enablers designed to create a conducive environment for socio-economic transformation. These are Blue Economy, Education and Training, Environment and Climate Change, Foreign Policy and Regional Integration, Governance and Infrastructure, Manufacturing, Service Economy, Women's Agenda, Social Protection, Sports, Culture and Arts, and Youth Empowerment and Development Agenda.

350 key policies and legislative initiatives commitments from across the sectors were identified to support the delivery of the MTP IV and BETA priorities and objectives, A comprehensive list of the commitments is provided in Annex 1. This comprises 161 legislative commitments, 128 policy commitments and 61 statutory instrument commitments. A summary of the priorities in each sector is shown in Table 20 below.



## BETA's Strategic Framework

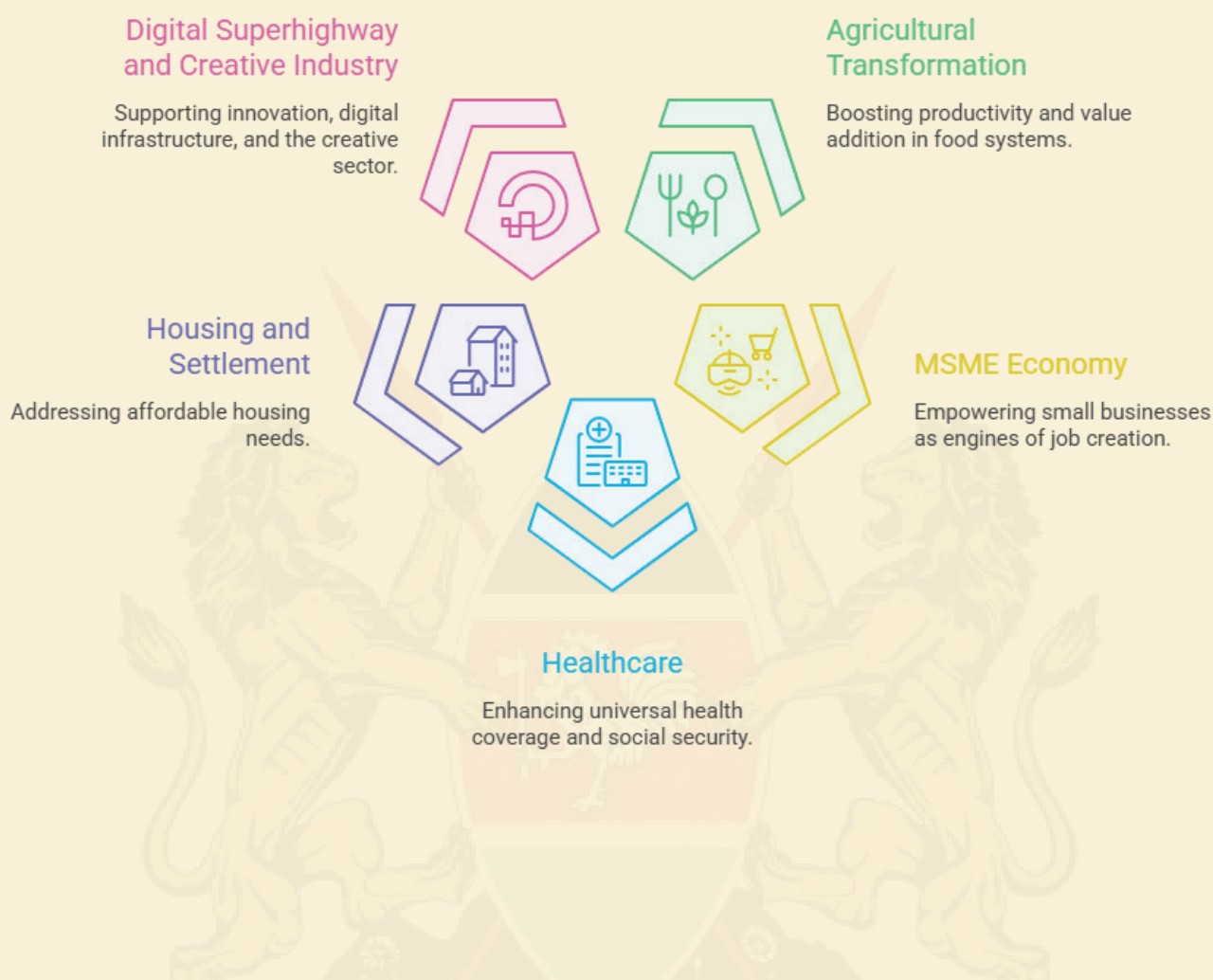


Table 20: Number of MTP IV commitments by type of initiative

S/No.	Type of initiative	No of MTP IV Commitments
1	Legislative Initiative	161
2	Statutory Instrument	128
3	Policy Initiative	61
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>350</b>

In terms of sector distribution, the finance and production sector had 87 MTP IV commitments to support the delivery of the BETA priorities. The social sector had 78 MTP IV commitments, with the governance and public administration, infrastructure and environment and natural resources sectors having 69, 68 and 48 commitments each.

Table 21: Number of MTP IV Commitments by Sector

S/No	Cluster	No of MTP IV Commitments
1	Finance and Production	87
2	Social	78
3	Governance and Public Administration	69
4	Infrastructure	68
5	Environment and Natural Resources	48
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>350</b>

254 (73 %) of the 350 MTP IV related legal and policy commitments have been reflected in the GLA records maintained by SDPA. Some have been delivered while others are at different stages of formulation. A summary of these recorded MTPIV related policy and legal commitments are presented in Tables 22 and 23 below.

Table 22 : MTP IV related GLA commitments by cluster

S/NO	Cluster	MTP IV commitments in GLA Schedule
1	Finance and Production	63
2	Social	58
3	Governance and Public Administration	48
4	Infrastructure	47
5	Environment and Natural Resources	38
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>254</b>

Table 23: MTP IV related GLA commitments by type

S/NO	Initiative type	MTP IV commitments in GLA Schedule
1	Legislative Initiatives	111
2	Policy Initiatives	95
3	Statutory Instruments	48
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>254</b>

27 % of MTP IV are not reflected in the GLA records maintained by SDPA. They comprise of 63 legal reforms (50 legislative and 13 statutory instruments) and 33 policy reform commitments. Tables 24 and 25 shows these inactive commitments by cluster with 70 of them having not been initiated, 20 abandoned and 4 merged into related initiatives.

*Table 24 : MTP IV commitments that are not active in GLA by cluster*

Cluster	Not Started	Abandoned / Discontinued	Merged	Deferred	Withdrawn	Grand Total
Environment and Natural Resources	9	1	0	0	0	10
Finance and Production	19	2	1	1	1	24
Governance and Public Administration	12	9	0	0	0	21
Infrastructure	16	5	0	0	0	21
Social	14	3	3	0	0	20
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>96</b>

*Table 25: MTP IV commitments that are not active in GLA by type*

Initiative Type	Abandoned / Discontinued	Deferred	Merged	Not Started	Withdrawn	Grand Total
Legislative Initiative	14	1	4	30	1	50
Policy Initiative	5	0	0	28	0	33
Statutory Instrument	1	0	0	12	0	13
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>96</b>

### 3.3.1 Overall status of MTP IV related to GLA commitments

There are 111 bills, 95 policies and 48 statutory initiatives that are committed under MTP IV to support the BETA plan. There are 37 (9 bills, 18 policies and 10 statutory instruments) MTP IV related commitments that have been approved for implementation comprising 14.8% of the total commitments. Other commitments are at different stages of formulation across the three GLA segments as shown in Tables 26, 27 and 28 below.

Table 26 : Status of MTP IV Bills

S/NO	Status	No of MTP IV commitments in GLA
1	Initiation	7
2	Formation of Technical Team	2
3	Drafting	25
4	Public Participation	13
5	Ministerial Approval	13
6	AG Formal Drafting	8
7	Cabinet Consideration and Approval	11
8	Transmittal to Parliament	3
9	Parliamentary Consideration	16
10	Approved by Parliament	13
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>111</b>

Table 27: Status of Policy MTP IV commitments

S/NO	Status	No of MTP IV commitments in GLA
1	Initiation	15
2	Constitution of Technical Team	2
3	Drafting	13
4	Public Participation	13
5	Ministerial Approval	18
6	Cabinet Consideration and Approval	11
7	Parliamentary Consideration (SP)	4
8	Implementation	19
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>95</b>

Table 28: Status of MTP IV statutory instruments

S/NO	Status	No of MTP IV commitments in GLA
1	Initiation	11
2	Formation of Technical Team	2
3	Drafting	3
4	Public Participation	14
5	Ministerial Approval	3
6	Gazette Publication	1
7	Cabinet Consideration and Approval	1
8	AG Formal Drafting	4
9	Parliamentary Consideration	1
10	Approved by Parliament	8
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>48</b>

### 3.3.2 Finance and Production

The key priorities and interventions in the finance and production sector focus on the value chains in livestock production, crop production and construction and building. The sector also prioritizes financial inclusion; investment promotion; industrial infrastructure; development such as Special Economic Zones, Industrial Parks, Export Processing Zones, County Aggregation and Industrial Parks; product market diversification; and promotion of fair-trade practices. In addition, the sector seeks to: implement green and digital finance projects to promote green production and manufacturing, and digitalized government financial services; and prioritize macroeconomic research, modelling and forecasting, monitoring and reporting on economics trends.

To deliver on the above priorities MTP IV identified 87 legal and policy commitments that are to deliver targeted reforms to support the achievement of the identified targets. Out of these, 63 have been prioritized in the government legislative agenda and are at different stages of formulation.

13 MTPIV commitments have been approved and are under implementation translating to 20.63% of active commitments. This comprises 8 policy initiatives, 1 statutory instrument and 4 legislative commitments. The commitments are geared towards supporting the Agriculture and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSME) economy pillars of the BETA plan.

Table 29: Finance and production sector MTP IV initiatives status

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation		2	2	4
Formation of Technical Team	1	1		2
Drafting	7	2	1	10
Public Participation	3	4	2	9
Ministerial Approval	2	4	1	7
AG Formal Drafting	5		2	7
Cabinet Consideration and Approval	2	4		6
Parliamentary Consideration	4			4
Parliamentary Consideration (SP)		1		1
Approved by Parliament	4		1	5
Implementation	1	7		8
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>63</b>

Amongst those delivered include the National Agriculture Policy, the National Phytosanitary Policy, the Agricultural Soil Management Policy, the National Agricultural Mechanization Policy, the Leather Development Policy, Retirement Benefits Policy, the National Green Fiscal Incentives Policy (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2024), the Leasing Sector Policy Framework, the Insurance (Amendment) Act, 2023, the Business Laws (Amendment) Act, 2024, The Public Finance Management (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 2 of 2024), the Anti-money Laundering and Combatting Terrorism Financing Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 5 of 2025) and the Public Finance Management (Financial Inclusion Fund) Regulations, 2022. Other commitments that are awaiting parliamentary approval include the Co-operatives Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 7 of 2024), and the National Disaster Risk Management Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 24 of 2023).

### 3.3.3 Infrastructure

The infrastructure sector seeks to: enhance transport connectivity by constructing 6,000km of new roads, maintaining rural and urban roads, air and seaport facilities and services, expand communication and broadcasting systems; and promote the development of energy generation and distribution by increasing investments in green energy (geothermal, wind, solar and hydro). The Government aims to develop digital access and creative economic infrastructure to increase reliability and accessibility to Internet.

The key deliverables include exploration and commercialization of oil and gas; development of water, irrigation and sanitation infrastructure; and construction of 200,000 affordable housing units annually. The Government seeks to focus on public infrastructure with a high potential for generating revenue, such as expansion of the Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA), development and operationalization of ports, and geothermal exploration and development. The infrastructure gap is expected to be bridged by promoting economic participation of the private sector through public private partnerships in the financing, construction, development, operation and maintenance of infrastructure.

To deliver on the above priorities MTP IV identified 68 legal and policy commitments for targeted reforms to support the achievement of the identified targets. Out of these, 47 have been prioritized under the government legislative agenda and are at different stages of formulation.

*Table 30: Infrastructure sector MTP IV initiatives status*

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation	2	2		4
Constitution of Technical Team	1	1		2
Drafting	9	4	2	15
Public Participation	2	2	1	5
Ministerial Approval	1	2		3
Cabinet Consideration and Approval	5	4		9
Gazette Publication			1	1
Parliamentary Consideration	1		1	2
Approved by Parliament	4		1	5
Implementation		1		1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>47</b>

7 MTP IV commitments have been approved for implementation translating to 14.9% of active commitments. This comprises of 1 policy initiative, 2 legislative initiatives and 3 statutory instruments. The sector targets promoting job creation and achieving inclusive growth under the housing and settlement pillar of the BETA plan.

Delivered commitments include the National Sanitation Management Policy (Sessional Paper No. 7 of 2024), the Affordable Housing Act (No. 2 of 2024), the National Rating Act (No. 15 of 2024), the Community Land (Amendment) Regulations, the National Transport and Safety Authority (Transport Network Companies, Owners, Drivers and Passengers) Regulations, 2022, and the Road Maintenance Levy Fund (Imposition of Levy) Order, 2024 and various energy regulations. The Technopolis Bill (NA No. 6 of 2024), which seeks to create a framework for the establishment of premier destinations for technology-driven businesses, research institutions and innovation ecosystems, is before Parliament.

### 3.3.4 Social

The social sector identifies seven key priority areas, namely: Universal Health Coverage (UHC), Social Protection; Human Capital Development; Science Technology and Innovation; Digitalization; Economic Empowerment; and Population and Development.

To achieve universal health coverage the government is committed to increase the proportion of people covered by Social Health Insurance in the informal sector from 24 per cent to 80 per cent; promote access to affordable and quality essential health products and technologies; digitize health services and records; and expand health infrastructure and personnel.

To support human capital development, the Government seeks to: recruit 116,000 teachers, undertake education reforms; expand infrastructure in all learning institutions; and strengthen linkages between industry and training institutions. The sector also has initiatives that support the delivery of the core pillar through the enablers. This includes the Women’s Agenda, Social Protection, Sports, Culture and Arts, and Youth Empowerment and Development Agenda.

To deliver on the above priorities MTP IV identified 78 legal and policy commitments for targeted reforms to support the achievement of the identified targets. Out of these, 58 have been prioritized under the government legislative agenda and are at different stages of formulation.

*Table 31: Social sector MTP IV initiatives status*

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation	1	4		5
Formation of Technical Team			1	1
Drafting	4	4		8
Public Participation	2	1	1	4
Ministerial Approval	8	7		15
AG Formal Drafting	1		1	2

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Cabinet Consideration and Approval	4	2	1	7
Transmittal to Parliament	3			3
Parliamentary Consideration	2			2
Parliamentary Consideration (SP)		1		1
Approved by Parliament	2			2
Implementation		8		8
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>58</b>

9 MTPIV commitments have been approved for implementation translating to 15.51% of active commitments. This comprises of 7 policy and 2 legislative initiatives.

Delivered commitments include, the Internship and Volunteerism Policy and Guidelines for the Public Service, the Kenya Social Protection Policy 2023, the Kenya National Population Policy for Sustainable Development (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2023), the National Policy on Family Promotion and Protection, 2023, the National Policy on Rehabilitation of Street Families, 2023, the National Policy for Persons with Disability, 2024 and the Youth Development Policy. On the legislative front, the sector has delivered laws that support BETA's healthcare pillar including the Facilities Improvement Financing Act, 2023 and the Digital Health Act, 2023.

Commitments before Parliament include the National Policy on Women Economic Empowerment, the Quality of Healthcare and Patient Safety Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 41 of 2025) and the National Council for Population and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 72 of 2023). Also to be noted before Parliament is the legislative proposal for the implementation of the two-thirds gender principle submitted under the auspices of the Multi-Sector Working Group on the two-thirds gender rule in support of the NADCO process and terms of reference.

On education reforms, the sector has various ongoing policy and legal related reforms targeting basic and tertiary levels of education under the auspices of implementation of the recommendations of the Presidential Working Party on Education Reform.

### 3.3.5 Environment and Natural Resources

The sector focuses on natural resource conservation, restoration and management. sustainable waste management and pollution control; sustainable exploitation of natural resources and blue economy; and tourism promotion and marketing.

The sector targets to increase tree cover from 12.1 per cent in 2022 to 21 per cent by 2027 and forest cover from 8.8 per cent in 2022 to 17 per cent by 2027 through tree growing and restoration campaigns. In addition, the targeted interventions on adaptation and mitigation to climate change seek to create green jobs, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, build community resilience in Arid and Semi-Arid Lands (ASALs); and reduce human wildlife conflicts in vulnerable counties. The sector also focuses on promoting blue economy and minerals value chains.

*Table 32: Environment and natural resources MTP IV initiatives status*

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation	1	1	1	3
Formation of Technical Team			1	1
Drafting		3		3
Public Participation	3	3	7	13
Ministerial Approval		3	1	4
AG Formal Drafting	2		1	3
Cabinet Consideration and Approval		1		1
Parliamentary Consideration	4			4
Approved by Parliament	1		4	5
Implementation		1		1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>38</b>

**38 MTP IV** related GLA initiatives have been prioritized. **5** of them have achieved implementation status translating to **13.2%** of active commitments.

The initiatives that have been delivered include the National Forest Policy, the Climate Change (Amendment) Act, 2023; the Climate Change (Carbon Markets) Regulations, 2024; various regulations (Fisheries and Marine) under the Fisheries Management and Development Act and; the Environmental Management and Co-ordination (Management of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Materials) Regulations, 2024. Commitments before Parliament include the Meteorology Bill, 2023 (Sen. Bill No. 45 of 2023), the Culture Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 12 of 2024), the Forest Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 38 of 2025) and the Fisheries Management and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 28 of 2023).

### 3.3.6 Governance and Public Administration

The Governance and Public Administration sector seeks to implement strategies, programmes and projects towards enhancing security capabilities and welfare, improving service delivery, strengthening devolution, and transforming judicial and legal services. This includes the strengthening of security capabilities through the recruitment of additional police, prison and military officers and expansion of prison, police and military infrastructure and equipment. Further, the sector is focused on strengthening devolution, digitization of police stations and services; modernization of security products and services including national ID, unique personal identifier and passports to enhance access to services. To promote foreign policy and regional integration, the sector prioritizes the modernization and improvement of diplomatic infrastructure, establishment of diaspora bonds and promotion of diaspora investment to increase remittances.

*Table 33: Governance and Public administration MTP IV initiatives status*

Status	Legislative Initiative	Policy Initiative	Statutory Instrument	Grand Total
Initiation	3	6	8	17
Drafting	5			5
Public Participation	3	3	3	9
Ministerial Approval	2	2	1	5
Parliamentary Consideration	5			5
Parliamentary Consideration (SP)		2		2
Approved by Parliament	1		2	3
Implementation		2		2
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>48</b>

The Governance and Public Administration sector plays a coordinating role in the delivery of the BETA pillars and objectives by supporting the other four sectors in their mandates. Under the MTP IV legal and policy reforms, the sector outlined 58 key reforms for development, finalization or review with 48 of them initiated.

5 of the initiated commitments have achieved implementation status translating to 8.6% of active commitments. Those approved for implementation include, the Foreign Policy of the Republic of Kenya, 2025 (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2025), operationalization of the Public Benefits Organization Act, the Refugee (General) Regulations, 2024 and the Public Finance Management (Government Press Fund) Regulations, 2025.

Initiatives before Parliament include the Kenya Policy on Public Participation (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2023), the Power of Mercy Policy Framework (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2024), the National Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy (Sessional Paper No. 4 of 2024); the Intergovernmental Relations (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (Sen. Bill No. 12 of 2024) and the Power of Mercy Bill, 2025. The Public Participation Bill and the Tribunal Bills are pending in Parliament albeit under the individual member sponsorship, in the case of the Public Participation (NA No. 44 of 2025) and the committee sponsorship, in the case of the Tribunals Bill (NA No. 43 of 2025).

### 3.4 Status of Implementation of Parliamentary Liaison

#### 3.4.1 Cabinet Secretaries' Question Time

Parliamentary oversight encompasses appearances by Cabinet Secretaries to respond to Petitions, Statements and Questions. During the year 2025, the response rate at the National Assembly stood at 64% at compared to 68% in 2024, while at the Senate the response rate stood 55% compared to 56% in 2024. The question response rate in 2025 was notably higher in the National Assembly, 64%, compared to 55% in the Senate, indicating an optimal utilization of question time by the National Assembly. Table 33 provides an analysis of question time for 2024 and 2025.

Table 34: Summary of MDAs Question Time for the Years 2024 and 2025

House	No. of Ministries Invited	No. of Questions Asked	No. of Questions Responded to	% Questions Answered
<b>Year 2024</b>				
National Assembly	7	81	55	68%
Senate	18	131	73	56%
<b>Year 2025</b>				
National Assembly	15	91	58	64%
Senate	66	168	92	55%

As part of further strengthening the administration of Question Time, the Senate Business Committee issued, and the Prime Cabinet Secretary disseminated the threshold for request for re-scheduling of the appearance of Cabinet Secretaries before the Senate. The threshold provides that a request for rescheduling a Cabinet Secretary's appearance should; -

- a) Be in writing, signed by the relevant Cabinet Secretary or Principal Secretary.
- b) State specific reasons(s) for the proposed non-attendance.
- c) Propose an alternative Wednesday morning when the Cabinet Secretary will be available; and
- d) Be delivered to the Senate at least forty-eight (48) hours before the scheduled appearance.

A Parliamentary Appearance (Plenary and Committee) scorecard, 2025 has since been prepared for dissemination to Ministries.

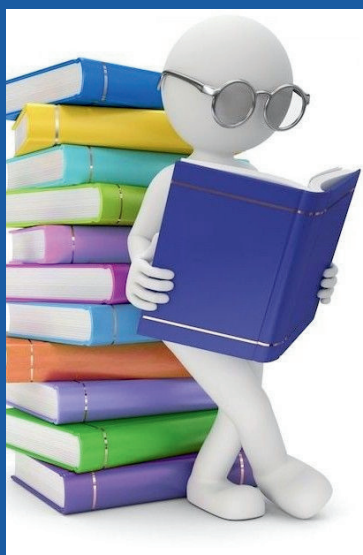
### 3.4.2 Capacity Building

The period 2023- 2025 saw enhanced engagements between Parliamentary Liaison Officers (PLOs) and technical officers from the Executive and Parliament. These engagements included various capacity building and consultative fora for officers from both arms of Government. These forums, which are the first of their kind under the current constitutional dispensation, have led to great insights on various areas of liaison between the two arms of Government in various areas including –

1. *Career Development:* The State Department will initiate discussions with the State Department for Public Service and Human Capital Development and the Public Service Commission for the development of a distinct cadre for PLOs and the development of the necessary career guidelines.
2. *Capacity Building and Training:* The State Department affirms its commitment to the effective dispatch of Business in Parliament through continuous capacity building of PLOs and consultative engagements with Parliament on legislative and parliamentary business.
3. *Communication and Coordination:* The period saw the uptake of technology and digital platforms to improve turnaround times to parliamentary enquiries. This new modus operandi between the Executive and Parliament augments hard copy channels and allows advance action from the Executive significantly reducing chances of non-response to Parliamentary enquiries.
4. *Access to Parliament:* The State Department has been working with Parliament to streamline access to Parliament through the issuance of the necessary authorization passes to PLOs.

# Section Four

## EMERGING ISSUES, CHALLENGES, LESSONS LEARNT AND RECOMMENDATIONS



### 4.1 OVERVIEW

The section presents an outlook of emerging issues, challenges, and lessons learned during the processes of consolidation, implementation, validation and reporting of Government Legislative Agenda (GLA) initiatives for the year 2025. The section also provides commendations to support improved realization of the Government Legislative Agenda.

### 4.2 Emerging Issues

The implementation of GLA was impacted by the following emerging issues.

#### 4.2.1 Parastatal/Structural Reforms

During the reporting period, the Government advanced the implementation of structural and parastatal reforms pursuant to the Cabinet Issue No. 1 of 2025 and Executive Order No. 1 of 2025.

In line with the directives, the Cabinet authorized the execution of targeted interventions, including the merger, dissolution, and restructuring of select State Corporations. Further, Executive Order No. 1 of 2025 mandated a comprehensive reconfiguration of State Departments, including the realignment of mandates to ensure coherence with national development priorities. These instruments were issued to strengthen governance frameworks, enhance operational efficiency, and promote fiscal sustainability across the public sector. This restructuring has resulted in the establishment of new departments and the repositioning of functions across institutional clusters.

Consequently, the ongoing reforms have introduced inconsistencies and duplicity within the GLA Schedule, as initiatives previously housed under certain State Departments now fall in the mandate of newly constituted departments in different clusters.

Addressing these discrepancies will require systematic reconciliation to align the GLA Schedule with the restructured institutional framework and to uphold clarity in mandate implementation.

In addition, the recently enacted Government Owned Enterprises Act (No. 25 of 2025) has introduced far-reaching reforms including the repeal and consequential amendments of various existing laws as well as the requirement that various identified state corporations be re-established under the Companies Act. Compliance with the Government Owned Enterprises Act will require a substantive review of current commitments across government.

### 4.3 Challenges

The following challenges were identified during the period under review.

#### a) Lack of an Integrated GLA and Parliamentary Liaison Tracking Systems

While Parliament has maintained trackers of legislative and parliamentary business over time, the Executive, through the SDPA, has moved to also establish its own trackers as part of streamlining the coordination of the GLA and Parliamentary Liaison.

The establishment of the Executive's Trackers has however revealed discrepancies in the records maintained by both arms of Government. Some initiatives recorded in the Parliamentary Trackers are absent in the Executive's Trackers (Including the GLA Schedule), while others reflected in the Executive's Trackers have no corresponding entries in Parliament. These disparities negatively impact on the ability to present unified legislative status.

In addition, frequent legislative amendments and the dynamic nature of Parliamentary activity are not matched with efficient, automated update mechanisms. Manual updates increase the risk of omissions, duplications, and reporting delays.

## **b) Nonadherence to Guidelines on the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation**

SDPA has developed various enabling tools for coordination. These tools, such as the Guidelines for the Development of National Government Policy and Legislation, 2024, are vital in fostering harmony, certainty and guiding MDAs in the end-to-end processes for policy and legislation development.

However, there are instances where the processes of adoption and application have not been fully met resulting in the use of unconventional procedures for development and transmittal of initiatives to Parliament. It has been observed that some Ministries have, in certain instances, bypassed laid down legislative process in the Executive by introducing Bills directly into Parliament through Committees and private members. This practice thereby creates a discrepancy in development processes and ownership of initiatives in Parliament.

Consequently, whereas some Bills are noted in the GLA Schedule as Executive sponsored, they on the other hand appear in Parliament as committee or member Bills. This results in inconsistent inventory and status classifications.

## **c) Duplication, Inconsistencies and Inaccurate Classification of Initiatives**

Although the SDPA coordination function is at advanced stage of actualization, current GLA information sharing processes between State Departments, the Office of the Attorney General, Cabinet Office, and Parliament remain bureaucratic and time consuming. The absence of structured and frequent consultation fora, periodic reconciliation leads to outdated or conflicting information across systems. Several initiatives are then placed under incorrect thematic clusters, while others appear multiple times due to inconsistencies in naming, numbering, or versioning. These data gaps distort cluster-specific workload analysis and hinder clear reporting.



#### **d) Inadequate funding for GLA Implementation, Inter-Agency Engagements and Coordination**

The realization of various milestones such as public participation and drafting of the GLA Initiatives require substantial financing. MDAs have also consistently identified budget constraints as one of the greatest challenges that impedes the effective and timely realization of the GLA. GLA is the lesser of the funded workstreams as compared to programmes and projects. In absence of adequate financing, various commitments have either suffered delayed milestones or been held in abeyance altogether.

#### **4.4 Lessons Learnt**

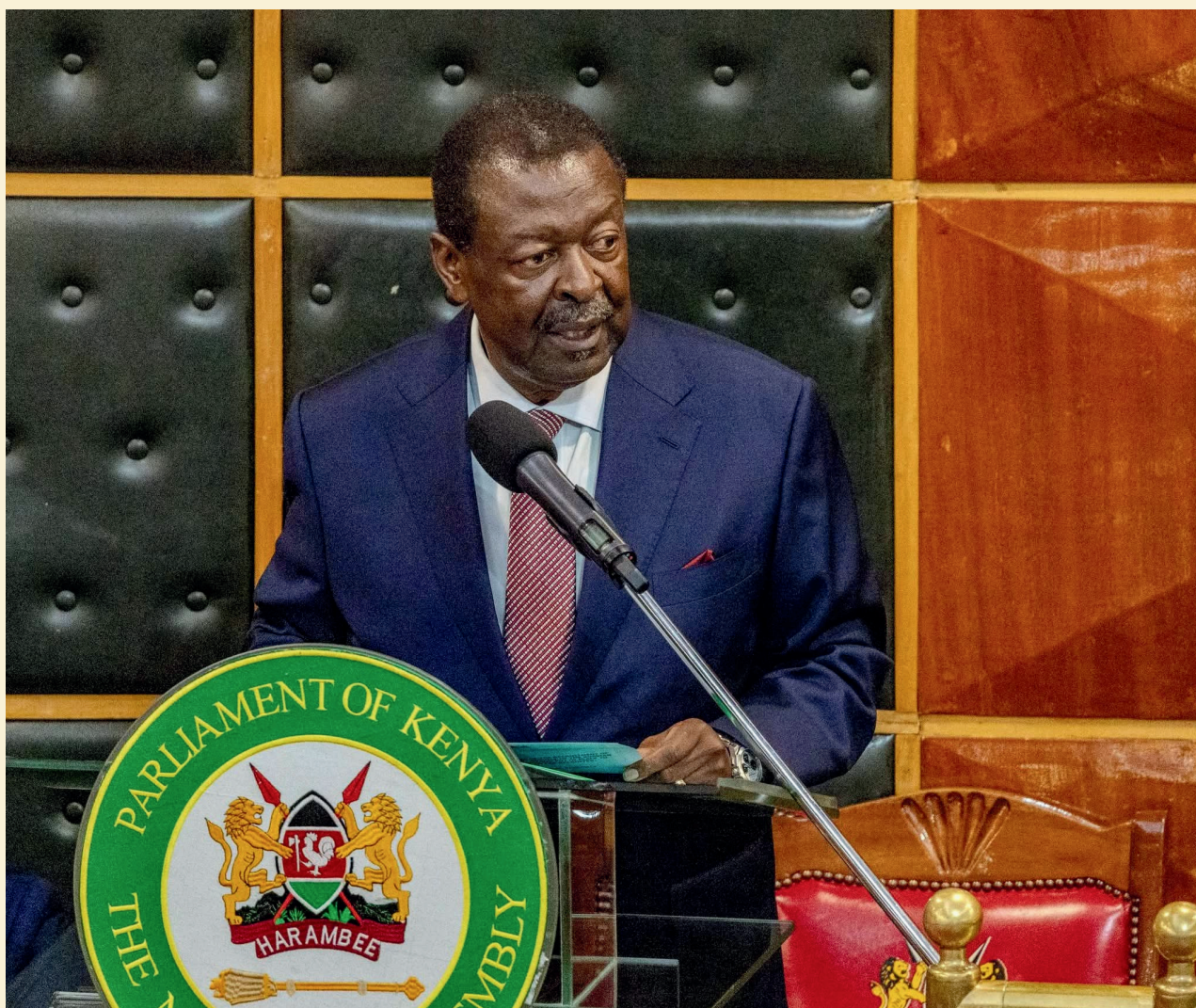
1. There are key MTP IV related policy and legal reforms earmarked to support the implementation of the BETA that still need finalization: Only 15 % of the MTP IV commitments have achieved implementation status.
2. Adequate funding to support the implementation of GLA: While not brick and mortar, the development of policy and legislation nevertheless requires substantial funding. Therefore, to fully realize the GLA, adequate budgetary support across sectors is key.
3. Development, operationalization and adaptability of the frameworks for coordination by stakeholders is fundamental: for ease of standardization of the process for policy and legislation formulation, stakeholders need to engage in the development, operationalization as well as adopt and utilize the established frameworks.
4. Collaboration is paramount in the implementation of GLA and Parliamentary Liaison. It is to be noted that the year 2025 recorded a drop in the Executive's Question Response Rate from the previous year. This indicates a need for frequent and sustained engagements with MDAs and Parliament. Partnership, consultation and participation during prioritization and formulation of initiatives will provide a platform for understanding the various initiatives and further enhance ownership in the implementation of programmes and projects supported by the respective initiatives.
5. Need for technological integration: Leveraging technology for tracking and reporting on GLA and Parliamentary Liaison and integration with other existing government digital platforms will not only fast-track the process of initiatives development and reporting but also promote accountability and transparency.

## 4.5 Recommendations

### a) Strengthen and Fully Operationalize LATIS

LATIS should be upgraded, fully institutionalized and fully integrated to serve as the central digital system linking the Cabinet Office, the Office of the Attorney General, State Departments, and Parliament to manage all legislative, policy, and statutory instrument processes. The enhanced system should facilitate:

- **Real-time data updates** at all stages of the legislative process.
- **Standardized coding, classification, and clustering** for policies, bills, and statutory instruments to ensure harmonized records across all entities.
- **Automated reconciliation** between GLA entries and Parliamentary Tracker updates to eliminate manual variances.
- **Clear audit trails, version control, and workflow tracking** for transparency and accountability.
- **Interactive dashboards and cluster-level analytics** to support decision-making and performance monitoring.



Full adoption and utilization of LATIS across all originating entities will ensure the uniformity, completeness, and reliability of legislative records, thereby eliminating discrepancies between GLA reporting and parliamentary data.

### **b) Monitoring and Evaluation of Coordination Tools**

A harmonized and well-coordinated framework will ensure that the Government Legislative Agenda is accurately captured, effectively monitored, and reliably reported—ultimately strengthening accountability, institutional efficiency, and strategic delivery of the national reform agenda. Monitoring and evaluation will reaffirm and enforce the requirement of the already established coordination tools as well as development of additional tools where the gaps are identified.

### **c) Institutionalize Quarterly Joint Reconciliation Forums**

Establish structured quarterly reconciliation forums bringing together the SDPA, Cabinet Office, SLO and PLOs in all MDAs to jointly review and update records. These sessions will ensure alignment of titles, statuses, clustering, and statutory references and provide an opportunity for early detection and correction of errors, omissions, and duplications. This measure will ensure consistency and reduce variations between the GLA, LATIS, and Parliamentary Tracker thus infusing coherence and procedural integrity.

### **d) Strengthening Cluster-Based Legislative Coordination Committees**

Institutionalize technical committees at the cluster level to continuously monitor submissions, ensure accurate classification, validate completeness, and support priority-setting on the GLA. These committees will act as the first quality-control mechanism before initiatives are escalated to Cabinet or Parliament.





#### **e) Strengthening MDA Capacity**

Comprehensive and continuous capacity-building and sensitization is recommended to ensure high-quality, timely, and consistent legislative reporting by Ministries, Departments, and Agencies (MDAs).

Strengthening the capacity, sensitization, and accountability of MDAs will lead to improved compliance with legislative processes and reporting standards. It will address and eliminate inconsistencies between GLA, LATIS, and Parliamentary Tracker data, thereby enhancing the integrity, efficiency, and overall coherence of national legislative governance.

#### **f) Designation of Focal Officers and Career Guidelines for PLOs**

Each MDA should nominate and maintain dedicated officers responsible for GLA tracking and coordination with SDPA. The officers shall, amongst other things, ensure data accuracy and timeliness of GLA related reporting.

There is also a real need for the establishment of a distinct cadre of PLOs and the development of the attendant career guidelines administered by SDPA. This will ringfence the sustainability of the parliamentary liaison service and enhancement of the Executive's partnership with Parliament in the current Presidential system of Government.

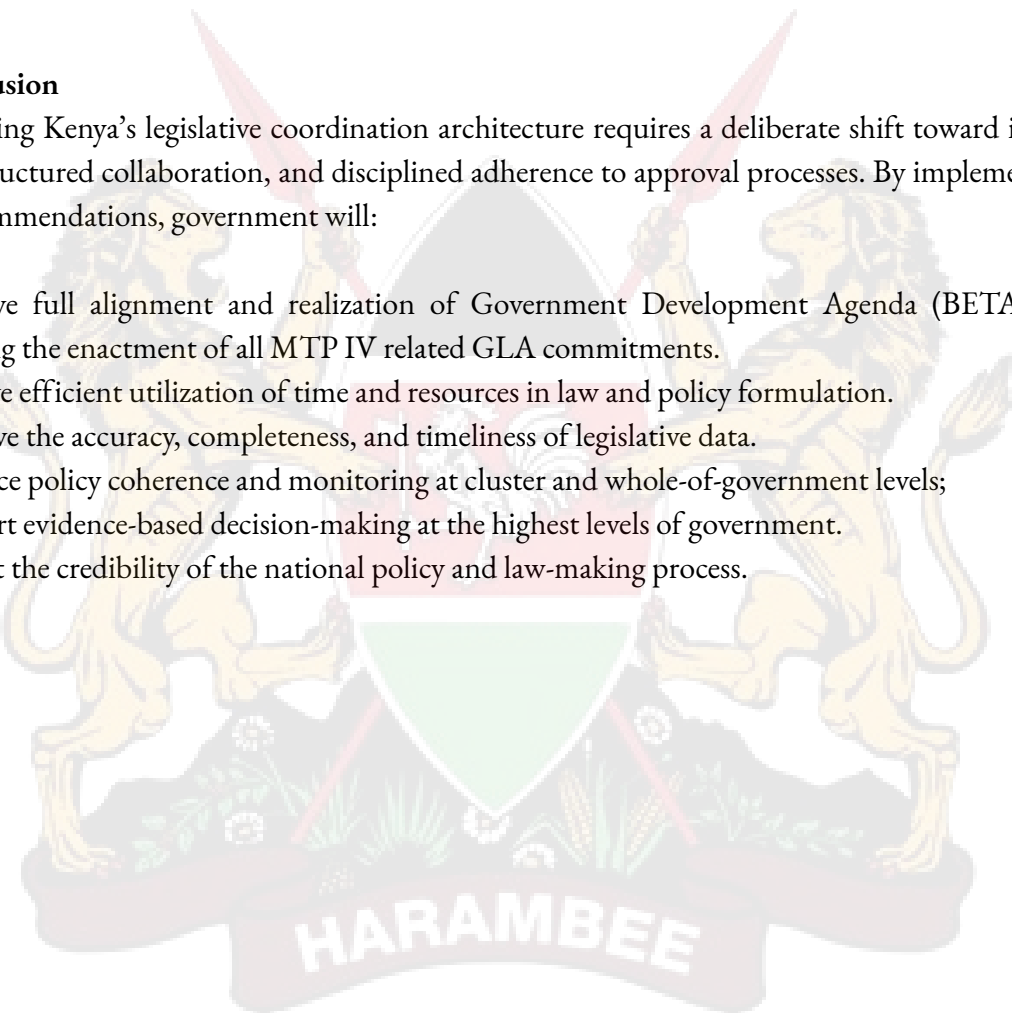
#### **g) Performance Accountability Measures**

Each MDA should reinforce adherence to standards, timelines, and reporting protocols to ensure accuracy, completeness, and reliability of legislative as well as undertake periodic audits, routine data quality checks, compliance tracking, and structured feedback reports.

#### 4.6 Conclusion

Strengthening Kenya's legislative coordination architecture requires a deliberate shift toward integrated systems, structured collaboration, and disciplined adherence to approval processes. By implementing the above recommendations, government will:

- Achieve full alignment and realization of Government Development Agenda (BETA) by fast tracking the enactment of all MTP IV related GLA commitments.
- Achieve efficient utilization of time and resources in law and policy formulation.
- Improve the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of legislative data.
- Enhance policy coherence and monitoring at cluster and whole-of-government levels;
- Support evidence-based decision-making at the highest levels of government.
- Protect the credibility of the national policy and law-making process.



## Annexes

### Annex 1: List of MTP IV Commitments

S/N	MTPIV Commitment	GLA Schedule Description	Initiative Type	Cluster	State Department	Status
1	Review of the National Phytosanitary Policy	The National Phytosanitary Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Implementation
2	Review of the National Agricultural Soil Management Policy	The Agricultural Soil Management Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Implementation
3	Review of the National Trade Policy, 2017	The National Trade Policy, 2016 (Review of.)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Initiation
4	Review of the National Industrialization Policy	The Industrialization Policy 2012-2030 (Review of)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Constitution of Technical Team
5	Review of the National Investment Policy, 2019	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Not Started
6	Review of the MSME Policy	MSME Policy 2025	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) Development	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
7	Review of the Monitoring and Evaluation Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Economic Planning	Not Started
8	Development of the National Agricultural Mechanization Policy	The National Agricultural Mechanization Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Implementation
9	Development of the Sugar Industry Policy	The Sugar Industry Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
10	Development of the Coffee Industry Policy	The Coffee Industry Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Ministerial Approval
11	Development of the National Agricultural Research System Policy	The National Agricultural Research System Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
12	Development of the Kenya Leather Development Policy	The Leather Development Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Livestock Development	Implementation

13	Development of the National Agriculture Financing Policy	The Policy Framework for Sustainable Financing and Subsidy Management in Agriculture.	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Ministerial Approval
14	Development of the National Brand Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Not Started
15	Development of the E-Commerce Policy and Strategy	The Kenya E-commerce Policy (formerly The National E-Commerce Policy)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Public Participation
16	Development of the National Consumer Protection Policy	The National Consumer Protection Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Public Participation
17	Development of the Capital Markets Alternative Financing Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Not Started
18	Development of the Cottage Industry Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
19	Development of the Industry and Smart Manufacturing Strategy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
20	Development of the Financing Frameworks for Leasing Market	The Leasing Sector Policy Framework	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Implementation
21	Development of the Economic Planning Policy	The Economic Planning Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Economic Planning	Drafting
22	Finalization of the National Intellectual Property Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
23	Finalization of the National Quality Infrastructure Policy	The Kenya Quality Policy (formerly the National Quality Infrastructure Policy)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
24	Finalization of the Tea Industry Policy	The Tea Industry Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Public Participation
25	Finalization of the National Automotive Policy	Sessional paper No. 1 of 2022 on the National Automotive policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Implementation
26	Finalization of the Iron and Steel Policy	The Iron and Steel Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Drafting

27	Finalization of the Local Content Policy	The Local Content Policy, 2021 (Review)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Initiation
28	Finalization of the Credit Guarantee Scheme Policy	The Kenya Credit Guarantee Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Public Participation
29	Finalization of the Policy on Unclaimed Financial Assets	The Policy on Unclaimed Financial Assets	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Ministerial Approval
30	Finalization of the National Retirement Benefits Policy	The National Retirement Benefits Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Implementation
31	Finalization of the National Policy on Green Fiscal Incentives	National Green Fiscal Incentives Policy (Sessional Paper No. 5 of 2024)	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Parliamentary Consideration (SP)
32	Finalization of the National Insurance Policy	The National Insurance Policy	Policy Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Ministerial Approval
33	Finalization of the Agricultural mechanization Bill	The Mechanization Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	AG Formal Drafting
34	Finalization of the Livestock Bill	The Livestock Bill 2024 (NA. Bill No. 34 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Livestock Development	Deferred
35	Finalization of the Animal Health Bill	The Animal Health Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Livestock Development	AG Formal Drafting
36	Finalization of the Intellectual Property Bill, 2021	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
37	Finalization of the Trade Development Bill 2020	The Trade Development Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Drafting
38	Finalization of the Industrial Development Bill	none	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
39	Finalization of the Local Content Bill	The Local Content Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Drafting
40	Finalization of the Scrap Metal Act Regulations	The Scrap Metal (Amendment) Bill, 2023 under the Statute Law (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 67 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Parliamentary Consideration
41	Finalization of the National Automotive Bill	The National Automotive Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Public Participation

42	Finalization of the Cooperatives Societies Bill/Amendment of the Cooperatives Societies Act, CAP 490	The Co-operatives Bill 2024 (NA Bill No. 7 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Co-operatives	Parliamentary Consideration
43	Development of the Kenya Leather Development Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
44	Development of the Kenya Industrial Training Institute Bill	The Industrial Training Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Labour and Skills Development	AG Formal Drafting
45	Development of the Kenya National Cleaner Production Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Not Started
46	Development of the National Automotive Bill	The National Automotive Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Public Participation
47	Development of the Business Laws Amendment Bill	The Business Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA. Bill No. 49 of 2024) - Now Law	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Approved by Parliament
48	Development of the Scrap Metal Act, 2015 Regulations	The Scrap Metal (Amendment) Rules	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Industry	Initiation
49	Development of the Legal Metrology Bill	The Legal Metrology Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Cabinet consideration and Approval
50	Development of the Warehouse Receipt Dispute Resolution Regulations	The Warehouse Receipt System Dispute Resolution Committee Regulations	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Trade	Drafting
51	Development of the Regulations for the Day-to-Day Management of the Central Registry	None	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Trade	Not Started
52	Development of the SEZ Regulations	The Special Economic Zones Regulations, 2016 (Formerly Special Economic Zones Regulations) (Amendment of.)	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Initiation

53	Development of the Legal Metrology Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Trade	Not Started
54	Development of the Disaster Risk Management Bill, 2023	The National Disaster Risk Management Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 24 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Special Programmes	Parliamentary Consideration
55	Development of the Legal Framework for Economic Planning	The Economic Planning Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Economic Planning	Drafting
56	Amendment of the Kenya Consumer Protection Act, 2012	The Consumer Protection Act, 2012 (Cap. 501) (Amendment of.)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Merged
57	Amendment of the Warehouse Receipt Systems Act, 2019	The Warehouse Receipt System (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Drafting
58	Amendment of the Anti-Counterfeit Act, 2008	The Anti Counterfeit (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	AG Formal Drafting
59	Amendment of the Anti-Counterfeit Regulations 2010	The Anti-Counterfeit Regulations, 2010	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Industry	Ministerial Approval
60	Amendment of the Insurance Act, CAP 487 of 1987	The Insurance (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 18 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
61	Amendment of Insurance Regulations	The Insurance (Amendment) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Public Participation
62	Amendment of the Retirement Benefits Act, CAP 197 of 1997	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Not Started
63	Amendment of the Retirement Benefits Act, Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Not Started
64	Amendment of the Kenya Deposit Insurance Corporation Act, No. 10 of 2012	The Draft Kenya Deposit (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Public Participation

65	Amendment of the Insurance (Motor Vehicle Third Party Risk) Act CAP 405	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Not Started
66	Amendment of the Standards Act 1973	The Standards Bill, 2025 (formerly The Standards Bill, 2019)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	AG Formal Drafting
67	Amendment of the Scrap Metal Act, 2015	The Scrap Metal (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Industry	Parliamentary Consideration
68	Amendment of the Unclaimed Financial Assets Act, 2011	The Unclaimed Financial Assets (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 15 of 2024) .	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Withdrawn
69	Amendment of the Unclaimed Financial Assets (UFA) Regulations, 2016	None	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Not Started
70	Amendment of the Microfinance Act, 2006	The Business Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA. Bill No. 49 of 2024) -	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
71	Amendment of the Microfinance Act, 2006 Regulations	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Not Started
72	Amendment of the SACCO Societies Act, 2008	Review of the Sacco Societies Act/The SACCO Societies (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Co-operatives	Formation of Technical Team
73	Amendment of the SACCO Societies the attendant regulations 2010	The SACCO Societies (Specified Non-Deposit-Taking Business) (Levy) Order, 2023	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Co-operatives	AG Formal Drafting
74	Amendment of the PFM Act, 2012	The Public Finance Management (Amendment) Bill, 2024 (NA Bill No. 2 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
75	Amendment of the EPZ Act 1990	None	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Not Started

76	Amendment of the Investment Promotion Act, 2004	The Investment Promotion and Facilitation Bill, 2024 (formerly Investment Promotion Bill, 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Drafting
77	Amendment of the SEZ Act, 2015	The Special Economic Zones Authority Act (Cap. 517A) (Amendment of via the Special Economic Zones Amendment Bill, 2024 (formerly Special Economic Zones (Amendment) Bill 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Investments Promotion	Ministerial Approval
78	Review of the Agricultural Soil Management Bill	The Agricultural Soil Management Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Drafting
79	Review of the National Cereals and Produce Board Act CAP 338 translating to Kenya National Trading and Food Reserve Corporation Bill	The National Food Reserve and Trading Corporation Bill (Formerly the National Cereals and Produce Board Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Abandoned / Discontinued
80	Review of the Agriculture and Food Authority Act No. 13 of 2013	none	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Drafting
81	Review of the MSE Act, 2012 to include medium enterprises	The Micro and Small Enterprise Act (Cap. 499C) (Amendment of.)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) Development	Ministerial Approval
82	Review of the Proceeds of Crime and Anti- Money Laundering Act, 2009	The Anti-money Laundering and Combatting Terrorism Financing laws (Amendment) Bill 2025 (NA Bill No. 5 of 2025)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
83	Review of the MSE Act, 2012 and the PFM Act, 2012 to support the establishment of the MSME Development Fund (Hustler Fund);	The Public Finance management (Financial Inclusion Fund) Regulations, 2022	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) Development	Approved by Parliament
84	Review of the Tea Industry Regulations	The Tea (Registration and Licensing) Regulations, 2024 and The Tea (Levy) Regulations 2024	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	Agriculture	AG Formal Drafting
85	Review of the Credit Guarantee Scheme Regulations, 2020	The Central Bank of Kenya (Credit Guarantee Scheme) Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Finance and Production	The National Treasury	Public Participation

86	Review of the Agricultural Finance Corporation Act, Cap 323 Laws of Kenya (1969)	The Agricultural Finance Corporation Act (Cap. 323) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Agriculture	Abandoned / Discontinued
87	Review of the Trade Descriptions Act revised 2012	The Trade Descriptions Bill	Legislative Initiative	Finance and Production	Trade	Cabinet consideration and Approval
88	Development of Mini and Micro Off-Grid Power Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Not Started
89	Development of National Valuation Policy	The Government Assets Valuation Policy Framework For the Public Sector, 2025	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	The National Treasury	Public Participation
90	Development of Comprehensive Road Asset and Corridor Management Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Not Started
91	Development of Metropolitan Policy	The Metropolitan Development Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Housing and Urban Development	Abandoned / Discontinued
92	Development of Standardized Marine Cargo Insurance Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Not Started
93	Development of Transit Oriented Development Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Not Started
94	Development of Digital Government Services Policy	The Government E-Services Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	ICT and the Digital Economy	Initiation
95	Finalization of National Addressing System	The National Addressing System Policy, 2023	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Broadcasting and Telecommunications	Drafting
96	Finalization of National Government Communication Policy	National Communication Policy, 2025 (formerly the Government Communication Policy)	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Broadcasting and Telecommunications	Ministerial Approval
97	Finalization of Energy Local Content Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Not Started

98	Finalization of Energy (Local Content Regulations)	The Energy (Local Content) Regulations	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Energy	Drafting
99	Finalization of National Land Reclamation Policy	The National Land Reclamation Policy, 2025 (Formerly the National Land Reclamation Policy, 2024)	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Irrigation	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
100	Finalization of National Nuclear Energy Policy	The National Nuclear Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Initiation
101	Finalization of National Petroleum Policy	The National Petroleum Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Petroleum	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
102	Finalization of Public Works Policy	The National Public Works Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Public Works	Public Participation
103	Finalization of Surveying and Mapping Policy of 2021	The National Land Surveying and Mapping Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Ministerial Approval
104	Finalization of National E-mobility Policy	The National e-mobility Policy	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Transport	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
105	Finalization of Sanitation Management Policy	The National Sanitation Management Policy Sessional Paper No.7 of 2024	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Water and Sanitation	Implementation
106	Finalization of Transboundary Water Policy	The Transboundary Waters Policy (Formerly the Transboundary Water Resources Policy)	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Water and Sanitation	Constitution of Technical Team
107	Review of Fit in Tariff Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Not Started
108	Review of National ICT Policy	Review of the National ICT Policy 2019 (Renamed the National Digital Policy )	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	ICT and the Digital Economy	Drafting
109	Review of Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2009 on the National Land Policy	Review of the National Land Policy (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2009)	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Drafting
110	Review of Energy Policy, 2018	Review of the National Energy Policy, 2018	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Cabinet Consideration and Approval

111	Review of National Housing Development Policy	Review of the National Housing Policy, 2016	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Housing and Urban Development	Drafting
112	Amendment of the Urban Areas and Cities Act, 2011 (amended) in 2019.	The Urban Areas and Cities Act (Cap. 275) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Drafting
113	Development of Legal framework to ring-fence the Fuel Stabilization Fund	The Petroleum Development Levy Fund Act (Cap. 426) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Petroleum	Abandoned / Discontinued
114	Development of Bill for creation of Mechanical and Materials Divisions to Semi-Autonomous Government Agency	Bill to transform Mechanical and Transport Division to a SAGA	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Initiation
115	Development of Bill to transform Kenya Institute of Highways and Building Technology to a semi-autonomous government agency	Bill to transform Kenya Institute of Highways and Building Technologies to a SAGA	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Drafting
116	Development of Housing Bill	The Affordable Housing Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 75 of 2023) - (Act No. 2 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Housing and Urban Development	Approved by Parliament
117	Development of ICT Authority Bill	The ICT Authority Bill	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	ICT and the Digital Economy	Cabinet consideration and Approval
118	Development of Land Reclamation Bill	The Land Reclamation Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	Public Participation
119	Development of National Addressing System of Kenya Bill	The National Addressing Systems of Kenya Bill (Formerly the National Addressing System Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Broadcasting and Telecommunications	Drafting
120	Development of Konza Bill.	The Technopolis Bill (NA Bill No. 6 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	ICT and the Digital Economy	Parliamentary Consideration
121	Finalization of Built Environment Bill	The Building Standards & Control Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Public Works	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
122	Finalization of Kenya Building Research Institute Bill	The Kenya Construction Research Institute Bill (Formerly the Kenya Building Research Institute Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Public Works	Cabinet consideration and Approval

123	Finalization of Regional Development Authorities Bill	The Regional Development Policy	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	ASALs and Regional Development	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
124	Finalization of Regional Development Authorities Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	ASALs and Regional Development	Not Started
125	Review of Community Land Act, 2016	The Community Land (Amendment) Regulations, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Approved by Parliament
126	Review of Document Registration Act	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Not Started
127	Review of Estate Agents Act, Cap.533	The Estates Agents Act, 1987 (Cap. 533) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Housing and Urban Development	Drafting
128	Review of Infrastructure for Land Acquisition Framework	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Not Started
129	Review of Kenya Ports Authority Act (Cap. 391)	The Kenya Ports Authority Act (Cap. 391) (Amendment of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Transport	Drafting
130	Review of Water Act (Cap. 372)	The Water Act (Cap. 372) (Comprehensive Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Water and Sanitation	Drafting
131	Review of Land Adjudication Act (Cap. 284)	The Land Adjudication Act (Cap. 284) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Abandoned / Discontinued
132	Review of Land Control Board Act (Cap. 302)	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Not Started
133	Review of Land Value Amendment Act, 2019	The Land Laws (Amendment) Bill 2023 (NA Bill No. 65 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Abandoned / Discontinued
134	Review of Data Protection Act, 2019	The Data Protection Act (Cap. 411C) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	ICT and the Digital Economy	Drafting
135	Review of Kenya Roads Act, 2016	The Roads Act (Cap. 408) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Drafting
136	Review of Kenya Roads Board Act, 1999	The Kenya Roads Board Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Initiation
137	Review of Roads Maintenance Levy Fund Act, 1993	The Road Maintenance Levy Fund (Imposition of Levy) Order, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Roads	Approved by Parliament

138	Review of Rating Act (Cap. 266)	The National Rating Bill, 2022 (NA Bill No. 55 of 2022)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
139	Review of Physical and Land Use Planning Act, 2019	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Not Started
140	Review of Survey Act (Cap. 299)	The Land Surveying and Mapping Bill and The Land Surveyors Registration Bill	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Ministerial Approval
141	Review of Energy Act, 2019	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Energy	Not Started
142	Review of Kenya Railways Act (Cap. 397)	The Railways (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Transport	Cabinet consideration and Approval
143	Review of Petroleum Development Fund Act, 1991	The Petroleum Development Levy Fund Act (Cap. 426) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Petroleum	Abandoned / Discontinued
144	Review of Traffic Act	The Traffic Act (Cap. 403) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Transport	Formation of Technical Team
145	Review of Valuers Act (Cap. 532)	The Valuers (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Drafting
146	Development and Finalization of National Construction Appeals Board Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Public Works	Not Started
147	Review of Motor Vehicle Inspection Regulations	The Traffic (Motor Vehicle Inspections) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Transport	Gazette Publication
148	Development of Petroleum (Upstream, Midstream and Downstream) Regulations	The Petroleum (Upstream and Midstream Environment, Safety and Health) Regulations	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Petroleum	Public Participation
149	Review of Road Annuity Fund Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Roads	Not Started
150	Review of National GBV Policy on Prevention of and Response to GBV, 2014	Review of the National Policy for Prevention of and Response to Gender Based Violence (GBV) 2014	Policy Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Ministerial Approval

151	Development of Affirmative Action Policy	The Affirmative Action Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Drafting
152	Development of Community Development Policy	The National Policy on Community Development, 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
153	Development of Community Service Learning Policy for University Graduates	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Higher Education	Not Started
154	Development of Internship and Volunteer Policy for the Public Service	The Internship and Volunteerism Policy and Guidelines for the Public Service (Formerly Internship and Volunteering Policy)	Policy Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Implementation
155	Development of National Care Policy	The National Care Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
156	Development of National Education Management Information System Policy	The Kenya Education Management Information System (KEMIS) Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Initiation
157	Development of National Policy for Library Services	The National Policy on Libraries	Policy Initiative	Social	Culture, the Arts and Heritage	Drafting
158	Development of National Policy Framework on Open Distance and e-Learning (ODEL)	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Higher Education	Not Started
159	Development of National Relief Assistance Policy, 2022	The National Relief Assistance Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Special Programmes	Ministerial Approval
160	Development of National Social Development Policy	The Kenya Social Protection Policy 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Implementation
161	Development of National Wages and Remuneration Policy	The National Wages and Remuneration Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Ministerial approval
162	Development of National Education Policy (Sessional Paper)	The National Education Policy (draft Sessional Paper)	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Ministerial approval
163	Development of Public Service Delivery Innovation Policy and Strategy	The Public Service Delivery Innovation Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Public Participation
164	Development of Senior Citizens Policy	Review of the National Policy on Older Persons and Ageing, 2018	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Initiation

165	Development of Social Risk and Impacts Policy	The Social Risk and Impact Management (SRIM) Policy,2023 (Formerly the Kenya Social Risks and Impacts Management Policy 2023)	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Ministerial Approval
166	Development of Special Service Tariff Policy for Learning Institutions	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Not Started
167	Development of Youth Talent and Innovation	The Creative Economy Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Abandoned / Discontinued
168	Finalization of Dignity at Workplace Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Not Started
169	Finalization of Sessional Paper on Population Policy for Sustainable Development	The Kenya National Population Policy for Sustainable Development (Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2023)	Policy Initiative	Social	Economic Planning	Implementation
170	Finalization of Kenya Social Protection Policy, 2022	The Kenya Social Protection Policy 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Implementation
171	Finalization of National Children Policy, 2010	Kenya Children Policy, 2025	Policy Initiative	Social	Children Services	Ministerial Approval
172	Finalization of National Family Promotion and Protection Policy	The National Policy on Family Promotion and Protection, 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Children Services	Implementation
173	Finalization of National Policy on Rehabilitation of Street Families	The National Policy on Rehabilitation of Street Families, 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Children Services	Implementation
174	Finalization of National Policy on Women Economic Empowerment	The National Policy on Women Economic Empowerment	Policy Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Parliamentary Consideration (SP)
175	Review of Human Resource Development Policy, 2015	Review of the Human Resource Development Policy, 2015	Policy Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Drafting
176	Review of Adult and Continuing Education (ACE) Policy	Policy on Adult and Continuing Education	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Abandoned / Discontinued
177	Review of Alternative Provision of Basic Education and Training (APBET) Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Not Started
178	Review of National Policy on Older Persons and Ageing, 2018	Review of the National Policy on Older Persons and Ageing, 2018	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Initiation

179	Review of National Policy on Persons with Disabilities, 2016	The National Policy for Persons with Disability, 2024	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Implementation
180	Review of National Volunteerism Policy, 2015	Review of National Volunteerism Policy, 2016	Policy Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Drafting
181	Review of Public Sector Remuneration and Benefits Policy, 2015	None	Policy Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Not Started
182	Review of Sports Policy, 2021	The Kenya National Sports Policy, 2023	Policy Initiative	Social	Sports	Ministerial Approval
183	Review of National Pre-primary Education Policy	Review of Pre-Primary Education Policy	Policy Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Initiation
184	Development of Health Facility Improvement Fund Bill	The Facilities Improvement Financing Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Social	Medical services	Approved by Parliament
185	Development of E-Health Bill	The Digital Health Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Medical services	Approved by Parliament
186	Development of Kenya Migrant Workers Welfare Fund Regulations	The Labour Migration Management Bill, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Cabinet consideration and Approval
187	Development of Gender Bill	The Gender Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Drafting
188	Development of Two-Third Gender Principle Bill	The Two Thirds Gender Principle Implementation Laws: The Constitution (Amendment) Bill; The Political Parties (Amendment) Bill; and the Election (Amendment) Bill.	Legislative Initiative	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Ministerial Approval
189	Development of Creative Economy Bill	The Creative Economy Bill (Formerly Creative Industries Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Abandoned / Discontinued
190	Development of Performance Management Bill	Public Service Performance Management Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	National Government Coordination	Drafting
191	Development of Emergency Medical Bill	The Quality Healthcare and Patient Safety Bill, 2025 (NA Bill No. 41 of 2025)	Legislative Initiative	Social	Medical services	Parliamentary Consideration
192	Development of Guidelines and Regulations under the Labour Migration Management Act, 2022	None	Statutory Instrument	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Not Started

193	Development of National Volunteerism Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Not Started
194	Development of Regulation on the Management of Vocational and Rehabilitation Centres	None	Statutory Instrument	Social	Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET)	Not Started
195	Development of Regulations for Community Groups Registration Act, 2022	The Community Groups Registration Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Public Participation
196	Development of Older Persons Bill	The Older Persons Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Ministerial Approval
197	Development of Social Risks and Impacts Management Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Not Started
198	Development of Kenya Youth Development Act	The Youth Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Cabinet consideration and Approval
199	Development of Kenya Youth Development Act Regulations	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Not Started
200	Development of Public Service Human Resource Management Bill	The Public Service Human Resource Management and Development Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Transmittal to Parliament
201	Development of Music Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Not Started
202	Development Regulations for Counter Trafficking in Persons Act	The Counter Trafficking in Persons ACT , 2010 (Cap. 61) Review	Legislative Initiative	Social	Children Services	Public Participation
203	Development of Tertiary Education Placement and Funding Bill	The Tertiary Education Placement and Funding Bill, 2024 (Formerly the Tertiary Placement and Financing Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Social	Higher Education	Ministerial Approval
204	Finalization of National Council for Population and Development Bill	The National Council for Population and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 72 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Social	Economic Planning	Parliamentary Consideration
205	Finalization of National Productivity and Competitiveness Bill	The National Productivity and Competitiveness Council Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	AG Formal Drafting
206	Finalization of Public Service Management Bill	The Public Service Human Resource Management and Development Bill,2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Transmittal to Parliament

207	Finalization of Huduma Kenya One-Stop-Shop Government Services Bill.	The Huduma Kenya One Stop-Shop Government Services Bill, 2021	Legislative Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Ministerial Approval
208	Review of Sports Act, 2013	The Sports (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Sports	Ministerial Approval
209	Review of Pharmacy and Poisons Board Act, 2012	The Pharmacy and Poisons (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Medical services	Public Participation
210	Review of Higher Education Loans Board Act, 1995	The Tertiary Education Placement and Funding Bill, 2024 (Formerly the Tertiary Placement and Financing Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Social	Higher Education	Ministerial Approval
211	Review of Kenya National Examination Council Act, 2015	The Kenya National Examination Council Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Merged
212	Review of Kenya National Qualifications Authority Act, 2015	The Kenya National Qualifications Framework (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET)	Transmittal to Parliament
213	Review of Labour Institutions Act, 2007	Labour Institutions Act 2007	Legislative Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Initiation
214	Review of Work Injuries Benefits Act, 2007	The Workers Injury Compensation Fund Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Cabinet consideration and Approval
215	Review of Occupational Safety and Health Act, 2007	The Occupational Safety and Health Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Labour and Skills Development	Cabinet consideration and Approval
216	Review of National Youth Council Act, 2009	The National Youth Council (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Drafting
217	Review of Prohibition of FGM Act, 2011	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Not Started
218	Review of National Youth Service Act, 2018	The National Youth Service (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Social	Public Service and Human Capital Development	Drafting
219	Review of National Government Affirmative Action Fund Regulations, 2016	Review of Public Finance Management (National Government Affirmative Action Fund) Regulations, 2016	Statutory Instrument	Social	Gender and Affirmative Action	Formation of Technical Team
220	Review of Science Technology and Innovation Act, 2013	The Science, Technology and Innovation (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Social	Science, Research and Innovation	Cabinet consideration and Approval
221	Review of Universities Act, 2012	The Universities Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Higher Education	Ministerial Approval

222	Review of Teachers Service Commission Act, 2012	The Teachers Service Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Merged
223	Review of Technical and Vocational Education and Training Act, 2013	The Technical, Vocational Education and Training Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET)	Ministerial Approval
224	Review of Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development Act, 2013	The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Merged
225	Development of the Circular Economy Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Not Started
226	Development of the Environment Policy	The National Environment Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Initiation
227	Development of National Chemical Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Not Started
228	Development of Integrated Policy for Natural Resource Management in Kenya	The Integrated Natural Resource Management Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Wildlife	Drafting
229	Development of the National Forest Policy	The National Forest Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Implementation
230	Development of the Commercial Forestry Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Not Started
231	Development of the National Oceans and Blue Economy Policy	The Kenya Fisheries Policy, 2023 (formerly National Oceans and Fisheries Policy 2008)	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Cabinet Consideration and Approval
232	Development of the Fish Marketing Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Not Started
233	Development of the Aquaculture Policy	The National Aquaculture Policy, 2025	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Public Participation
234	Development of the Cabotage Policy	The Cargo Reservation Policy (The Cabotage Framework)	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Drafting
235	Development of the National Relief Assistance Policy	The National Relief Assistance Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Special Programmes	Ministerial Approval

236	Development of the ASALs Policy/Review of the ASALs Policy 2012	Review of the Sessional Paper No. 8 of 2012 on the National ASALs Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	ASALs and Regional Development	Drafting
237	Development of the National Fire Risk Management Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Special Programmes	Not Started
238	Finalization of Mineral Value Addition and Processing Policy	The Mining and Minerals Value Addition Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Mining	Public Participation
239	Review of Tourism Policy 2020	The National Tourism Policy, 2020	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Tourism	Public Participation
240	Development and implementation of the National Maritime Transport Policy	The National Maritime Transport Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Ministerial Approval
241	Development and implementation of the Maritime Education and Training Policy	The Maritime Education and Training (MET) Policy	Policy Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Ministerial Approval
242	Development of Gum and Resins Regulations	The Forest Conservation and Management (Gum and Resins) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Public Participation
243	Development of Charcoal Regulations	The Forest Conservation and Management (Charcoal) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Public Participation
244	Development of Registration of Private Forests	The Forest Conservation and Management (Private Forests Registration) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Public Participation
245	Development of the Participation in Sustainable Forest Management Regulations	The Forest Conservation and Management (Participation in Sustainable Forest Management) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Public Participation
246	Development of the Mine Health and Safety Regulations	The Mining (Mine Health & Safety) Regulations, 2023	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Mining	Public Participation
247	Development of the Fisheries Regulations	9 regulations developed with 8 approved by parliament and 1 a public participation	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Approved by Parliament

248	Development of the Admiralty Courts and Maritime Arbitration Centre Bill	Arbitration (Amendment) Bill 2025	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	The State Law Office	Public Participation
249	Development of the Marine Regulations	The Marine Fisheries Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Approved by Parliament
250	Development of the National Relief Assistance Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	ASALs and Regional Development	Not Started
251	Development of the Inter-Agency Monitoring, Control and Surveillance Regulations	The Fisheries Management and Development (Monitoring, Control and Surveillance) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Public Participation
252	Development of the Bandari Maritime Bill	Bandari Maritime Academy Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Not Started
253	Development of the Cabotage Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping and Maritime Affairs	Not Started
254	Development of the Carbon Trading Market Regulations	The Climate Change (Carbon Trading) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	AG Formal Drafting
255	Development of the Carbon Market Regulations	The Climate Change (Carbon Market) Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Approved by Parliament
256	Development of the Toxic and Hazardous Chemical and Materials Management Regulations	The Environmental Management and Co-ordination (Management of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Materials) Regulations, 2024 (Legal Notice 182 of 2024)	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Approved by Parliament
257	Finalization of Air Quality Regulations	The Environmental Management and Co-ordination Management (Air Quality), (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Formation of Technical Team
258	Finalization of the Meteorology Bill	The Meteorology Bill, 2023 (Senate Bill No. 45 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Parliamentary Consideration
259	Finalization of the National Water Towers Bill	The Kenya Water Towers Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Abandoned / Discontinued

260	Finalization of Mineral Royalty Sharing Regulations	The Mining (Mineral Royalty Sharing) Regulations, 2023	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	Mining	Ministerial Approval
261	Finalization of the Culture Bill	The Culture Bill, 2024 (National Assembly Bills No. 12 of 2024)	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Culture, the Arts & Heritage	Parliamentary Consideration
262	Enactment of Public Finance Management (Disaster Management Fund Regulations, 2022	The Public Finance Management (Disaster Risk Management Fund) Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	The National Treasury	Public Participation
263	Review of the Forest Conservation and Management Act, 2016	The Forest Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Forestry	Parliamentary Consideration
264	Review of Climate Change Act, 2016	The Climate Change (Amendment) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 42 of 2023) (Now Law)	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Approved by Parliament
265	Review of the Environmental Management Coordination Act, 1999, (amended 2015)	The Environmental Management and Coordination (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Environment and Climate Change	Initiation
266	Review of the Wildlife Conservation Management Act, 2013	The Wildlife Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Wildlife	Public Participation
267	Review of the Tourism Act, 2011	The Tourism Act (Cap. 381) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Tourism	Public Participation
268	Review of the Mining Act, 2016	None	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Mining	Not Started
269	Review of the Fisheries Management and Development Act, 2016	The Fisheries Management and Development Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 29 of 2023)	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Blue Economy and Fisheries	Parliamentary Consideration
270	Review of the Merchant Shipping Act, 2009	The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Bill, 2022	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping & Maritime Affairs	AG Formal Drafting
271	Review of the Kenya Maritime Authority Act, 2006	The Kenya Maritime Authority (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Environment and Natural Resources	Shipping & Maritime Affairs	AG Formal Drafting
272	Finalization of the Public Participation Policy	Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2023 on the Kenya Policy on Public Participation	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Parliamentary Consideration (SP)

273	Development of the Public Participation Bill	The Public Participation Bill (NA Bill No. 44 of 2025)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Parliamentary Consideration
274	Review of the Offenders Act (Cap. 64)	The Probation of Offenders Act (Cap. 64) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
275	Development of the National Policy to guide Government Printing Services	None	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Not Started
276	Development of the Policy and Framework to Promote Local Economic Development in Counties	The Policy on Local Economic Development	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Ministerial Approval
277	Development of the Policy on Shared Resources between County Governments	None	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Not Started
278	Development of the E-Citizen Service Policy	The Government E-Services Policy	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Initiation
279	Development of the Review and Implement Policy on Devolved System of Government	The Policy of Devolved System of Government, 2022	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Ministerial Approval
280	Development of the National Policy on Legal Education and Training	Policy on Reform and Modernization of Legal Education	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Public Participation
281	Development of the Power and Mercy Policy	The Power of Mercy Policy Framework (Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2024)	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Implementation
282	Development of the Offender Rehabilitation and Counselling Policy	Rehabilitation Policy	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
283	Development of the Comprehensive Policy on Payment of Prisons on Various Employment	Policy on Payment for Prisoners on Various Employment	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
284	Development of the Refugee Management Policy	The National Policy on Refugee Management	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Initiation
285	Development of the Civil Registration Policy and Development of the Population Data Management Policy	The National Civil Registration and Identity Management Policy (IPRS Policy)	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Initiation

286	Finalization of the National Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy	The National Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Parliamentary Consideration (SP)
287	Finalization of the Aftercare Policy	Probation and Aftercare Policy	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
288	Finalization of the Immigration Policy	The Kenya National Migration Policy (Formerly Kenya National Immigration Policy)	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Public Participation
289	Review of the Kenya National Diaspora Policy 2014	Review of the Diaspora Policy, 2014	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Diaspora Affairs	Initiation
290	Review of the National Human Rights Policy	Review of the Human Rights Policy (Sessional Paper No.3 of 2014)	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Public Participation
291	Development of the Refugee Regulations	The Refugees (General) Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Approved by Parliament
292	Development of the Halfway House Rules	The Probation-Halfway Houses Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
293	Roll out of the Intergovernmental Relations (Alternative Dispute Resolution) Regulations	Development of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Regulations	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Abandoned / Discontinued
294	Review of the Judiciary Fund Regulations	None	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Not Started
295	Review of the Exchequer and Audit (Government Press Fund) Regulations (1988)	The Public Finance Management (Government Press Fund) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	The National Treasury	Approved by Parliament
296	Review of the Probation of Offenders (Central Probation Committee) Rules (Legal Notice No. 87 of 1973)	The Review of Prison Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
297	Review of the Probation of Offenders (Case Committee) Rules (Legal Notice No.383 of 1962)	The Review of Prison Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation

298	Review of the Probation of Offenders Rules (Legal Notice No. 409) of 1962	The Review of Prison Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
299	Review of the Probation of Offenders (Institution) Rules (Legal Notice No. 10) of 1961	The Review of Prison Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
300	Review of the Prison Rules of 1963	The review of Prison Rules	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Initiation
301	The amendment of The Public benefits Organisation Act 2013	The Public Benefit Organizations Act (No. 18 of 2013) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Approved by Parliament
302	Amendment of Magistrate Act	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Not Started
303	Amendment of the Small Claim Act 2016	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Not Started
304	Amendment of Kenya School of Law Act	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Not Started
305	Amendment of the Legal Education Act	The Legal Education (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Drafting
306	Amendment of the Commission on the Administration of Justice Act	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Not Started
307	Development of Government Press Service Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Not Started
308	Aftercare Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Medical services	Not Started
309	County Public Service Management Bill	The County Public Service Bill	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Initiation
310	The Kenya Diaspora Bill	The Diaspora Bill (Formerly Formulating Diaspora Bill)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Office of the Prime Cabinet Secretary	Drafting
311	Power of Mercy Bill	The Power of Mercy Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Parliamentary Consideration

312	Review of the Assumption of the Office of Prseident Act abd Developmnet of the Executive Authority bIll	Assumption of President and Transition of Executive AuthoritybIll (na NO. 1 of 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Parliamentary Affairs	Parliamentary Consideration
313	eCitizen Bill	The e-Citizen Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Initiation
314	Review of the Coroners Service Act, 2017	The National Coroners Service Bill ,2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Drafting
315	Review of the Intergovernmental Relations Act	The Intergovernmental Relations Amendment Bill, 2024	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Parliamentary Consideration
316	Review of County Assembly Service Act	The County Assembly Services Act (Cap. 265D) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	office of Deputy President	Initiation
317	Review of the National Government Coordination Act 2013	The National Government Co-ordination (Amendment) Bill, 2024 NA Bill 55 OF 2024	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Abandoned / Discontinued
318	Review of National Police service Act	The National Police Service (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Drafting
319	Review of National Registration Act	Integrated Population Register Service Bill ,2023	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Ministerial Approval
320	Review of Civil Registration Act	The Births and Deaths Registration Act (Cap. 149) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Ministerial Approval
321	Review of Community Service Orders Act	The National Police Service (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
322	Review of Foreign service	Foreign Service (Ammendment bill, 2025)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Foreign Affairs	Public Participation
323	Review of Probation of Offenders Act	The Probation of Offenders Act (Cap. 64) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
324	Review of Nairobi Center for International Arbitration Act	Arbitration (Amendment) Bill 2025	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Public Participation

325	Review of thr Prisons Act	The Prisons Act (Cap. 90) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
326	Review of Bostal Institution Act	The Borstal Institutions Act (Cap. 92) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
327	Prison Industries Revolving Fund Legal Notice No. 314 of 1988 ((Exchequer and Audit Act (Cap 412));	The Public Finance Management (Prisons Enterprise Fund) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Public Participation
328	Review of the Prisons Farm revolving Fund	The Public Finance Management (Prisons Enterprise Fund) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Correctional Services	Public Participation
329	Review of the Kenya Citizens and Foreign Nationals Management Service Act	The Kenya Citizens and Foreign Nationals Management Service Act (Cap. 171) (Review of.)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Immigration and Citizen Services	Drafting
330	Development of Regulations for Children Act, 2022	10 Regulations under development	Statutory Instrument	Social	Children Services	AG Formal Drafting
331	Development of the National Council for Nomadic Education in Kenya Bill	None	Legislative Initiative	Social	Basic Education	Not Started
332	Administrative Tribunals Bill	The Tribunals Bill, 2025(NA Bill No. 43 of 2025)	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Parliamentary consideration
333	Nyumba Kumi policy	The National Community Policing Policy	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Internal Security and National Administration	Abandoned / Discontinued
334	Review of the Kenya foreign Policy 2014	Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2025 on the Foreign Policy of the Republic of Kenya.	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Foreign Affairs	Implementation
335	Review of The National Defense Policy	None	Policy Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Defence	Not Started
336	Review of Kenya National Spatial Data Infrastructure Policy of 2011	None	Policy Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Not Started
337	Review Physical Planners Registration Act (Cap. 536)	The Physical Planners Registration (Amendment) Bill	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Lands and Physical Planning	Public Participation

338	Review of Youth Development Policy, 2019	The Kenya Youth Development Policy 2019	Policy Initiative	Social	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	Implementation
339	County Governments Act, 2012	The County Governments (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Legislative Initiative	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Public Participation
340	Regulations to operationalize the County Government Act, 2012	The County Government (General) Regulations, 2023	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Initiation
341	Regulations to operationalize the Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012;	The Intergovernmental Relations Regulations, 2023	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Initiation
342	Regulations to operationalize the Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012;	The Intergovernmental Relations (Transfer and Delegation of Functions, Powers and Competencies) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Public Participation
343	Regulations to operationalize the County Assemblies Service Act, 2017;	none	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Devolution	Not Started
344	Regulations to operationalize the Victim Protection Act, 2014.	Public Finance Management (Victim Protection Fund) Regulations, 2024	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	The State Law Office	Ministerial Approval
345	Finalization of regulations to operationalize the Parliamentary Budget Office Act, 2013	None	Statutory Instrument	Governance and Public Administration	Parliament	Not Started
346	Review of the Petroleum Act, 2019	None	Legislative Initiative	Infrastructure	Petroleum	Not Started
347	Regulations for National Transport and Safety Authority Act, 2012	The National Transport and Safety Authority (Transport Network Companies, Owners, Drivers and Passengers) Regulations, 2022	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Transport	Approved by Parliament
348	Regulations to operationalize the Energy Act, 2019	The Energy (Integrated National Energy Plan) Regulations, 2025	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Energy	Parliamentary consideration
349	Regulations to operationalize the Nuclear Regulatory Act, 2019	15 Regulations under drafting	Statutory Instrument	Infrastructure	Health	Drafting
350	Enactment of NDMA Act, 2016 Regulations	The National Drought Management Authority Regulations	Statutory Instrument	Environment and Natural Resources	ASALs and Regional Development	Initiation

## Annex 2: List of abandoned or Merged Policies

SN	State Department	Name of the Initiative	Current Status
1	Wildlife	The Investment Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
2	Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) Development	The Startup Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
3	Correctional Services	Rehabilitation Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
4	Immigration and Citizen Services	Policy on Registration of Children in institutions and those living with disabilities	Abandoned / Discontinued
5	Internal Security and National Administration	Complaints Management Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
6	Internal Security and National Administration	Integrated Border Security Management Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
7	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS ICT Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
8	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS Policy for investigations of serious human rights violations committed by police officers	Abandoned / Discontinued
9	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS Policy on engagement with Private Security Operators	Abandoned / Discontinued
10	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS Policy on National Police Reservists	Abandoned / Discontinued
11	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS Policy on Police Reforms	Abandoned / Discontinued
12	Internal Security and National Administration	NPS Policy on use of media by police officers	Abandoned / Discontinued
13	Internal Security and National Administration	Policy and Legal Framework for anchorage of the Whole Government and Multi-Agency Team	Abandoned / Discontinued
14	Internal Security and National Administration	Policy on Forensic Services	Abandoned / Discontinued
15	Internal Security and National Administration	Policy on Multi-Agency Coordination and Operations	Abandoned / Discontinued
16	Internal Security and National Administration	Policy on Private Firearm licensing	Abandoned / Discontinued
17	Internal Security and National Administration	The Crime Management and Prevention Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
18	Internal Security and National Administration	The National Community Policing Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
19	Internal Security and National Administration	The National IDPs Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
20	Internal Security and National Administration	The National Policy on Peace Building and Conflict Management	Abandoned / Discontinued
21	Internal Security and National Administration	The National Security Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued

22	ICT and the Digital Economy	The Digitalization Harmonization Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
23	ICT and the Digital Economy	The Electronic Communication Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
24	ICT and the Digital Economy	The End-Point Security Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
25	ICT and the Digital Economy	The Network Security Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
26	ICT and the Digital Economy	The Website Security Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
27	Housing and Urban Development	The Metropolitan Development Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
28	Housing and Urban Development	The Public Office Accommodation Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
29	Basic Education	Policy on Adult and Continuing Education	Abandoned / Discontinued
30	Basic Education	Policy on Education for Prisoners	Abandoned / Discontinued
31	Basic Education	Policy on Promotion of Lifelong Learning	Merged
32	Basic Education	Policy on Public-Private Partnership in Physical and E-Infrastructure Development	Abandoned / Discontinued
33	Basic Education	Refugee Education Policy	Merged
34	Basic Education	Sessional Paper on Implementation of the Report of the Presidential Working Party on Education Reforms	Merged
35	Basic Education	Teacher Education and Training Policy	Merged
36	Basic Education	The National Education Policy (draft Sessional Paper)	Merged
37	Basic Education	The STEM Education Policy	Merged
38	Higher Education	Policy on University Scholarships	Merged
39	Higher Education	The Student Financing Policy	Merged
40	Higher Education	Higher Education Policy	Merged
41	Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET)	The Continuous Professional Development Policy	Merged
42	Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET)	The TVET Financing Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
43	Health (1. Medical Services 2. P/Health & P/Stdts)	The Health Products and Technologies Policy	Merged
44	Health (1. Medical Services 2. P/Health & P/Stdts)	The National Eye Health Policy	Merged
45	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	Review of the National Volunteerism Policy,2016 (Formerly National Volunteering Policy, 2016)	Abandoned / Discontinued

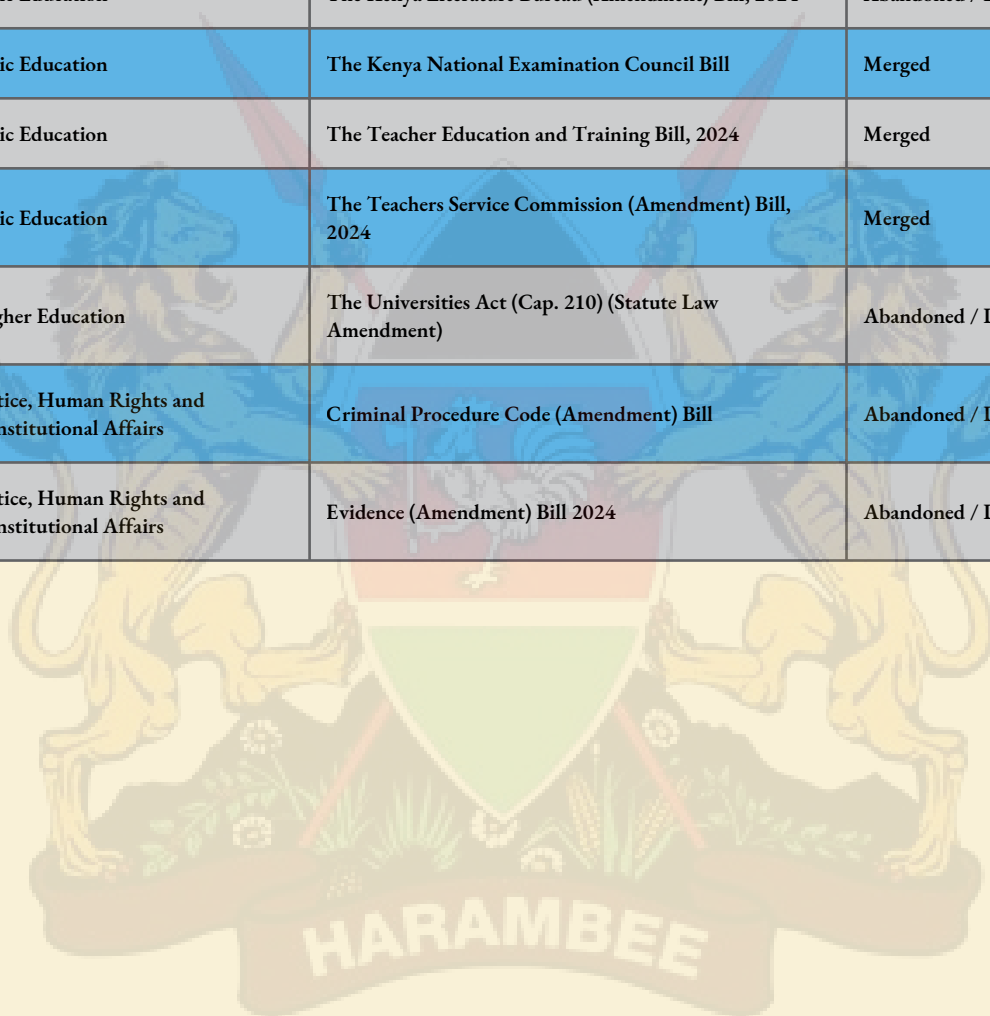
46	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	National Youth Volunteerism Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
47	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	The Creative Economy Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued
48	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	The Kenya National Film Policy	Abandoned / Discontinued

### Annex 3: Legislative initiatives abandoned, merged, lost or lapsed

SN	State Department	Name of the Initiative	Current Status
1	Environment and Climate Change	The Kenya Water Towers Bill, 2023	Abandoned / Discontinued
2	Culture, the Arts and Heritage	The Copyright (Amendment) Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
3	Agriculture	The National Food Reserve and Trading Corporation Bill (Formerly the National Cereals and Produce Board Bill)	Abandoned / Discontinued
4	Co-operatives	The New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union Ltd Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
5	Co-operatives	The SACCO Societies (Amendment) Bill (No. 1 of 2018)	Abandoned / Discontinued
6	Industry	The Geographical Indications Bill (incorporated in IP Bill, 2020)	Abandoned / Discontinued
7	Industry	The Scrap Metal (Amendment) Bill, 2023	Merged
8	The National Treasury	The Competition (Amendment) Bill, 2025 (To provide for Amendment to provide for regulation of strategic market position and superior Bargaining Power)	Merged
9	The National Treasury	The Consumer Protection Act, 2012 (Cap. 501) (Amendment of.)	Merged
10	The National Treasury	The Public Private Partnerships (PPP) Act, 2021 (Review of.)	Merged
11	Correctional Services	The Borstal Institutions Act (Cap. 92) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
12	Correctional Services	The Community Service Orders Act (Cap. 93) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
13	Correctional Services	The Parole system	Abandoned / Discontinued
14	Correctional Services	The Prisons Act (Cap. 90) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
15	Correctional Services	The Probation of Offenders Act (Cap. 64) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
16	Correctional Services	The Transfer of Prisoners Act (Cap. 90B) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
17	Internal Security and National Administration	The Government Chemist Agency Bill, 2024	Abandoned / Discontinued
18	Internal Security and National Administration	The National Government Co-ordination (Amendment) Bill, 2024 NA Bill 55 OF 2024	Abandoned / Discontinued

SN	State Department	Name of the Initiative	Current Status
19	Internal Security and National Administration	The Public Order (Amendment) Bill, 2025	Abandoned / Discontinued
20	Internal Security and National Administration	The Salaries and Remuneration Commission Act (Cap. 412D) (Amendment of)	Abandoned / Discontinued
21	Internal Security and National Administration	The Security Services Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2021	Abandoned / Discontinued
22	The State Law Office	The Tribunals Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 45 of 2023)	Lapsed
23	Petroleum	The Petroleum Development Levy Fund Act (Cap. 426) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
24	Broadcasting and Telecommunications	The Kenya Broadcasting Corporation Act (Cap. 221) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
25	Broadcasting and Telecommunications	The Postal Corporation of Kenya Act (Cap. 411) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
26	Housing and Urban Development	The Housing Act (Cap 117) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
27	Housing and Urban Development	The Housing Bill, 2022	Abandoned / Discontinued
28	Housing and Urban Development	The Housing Developers Regulatory Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
29	Housing and Urban Development	The Landlord and Tenant Bill, 2021 (NA Bill No. 3 of 2021)	Abandoned / Discontinued
30	Housing and Urban Development	The Sectional Properties Act (Cap. 286) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
31	Lands and Physical Planning	The Land Adjudication Act (Cap. 284) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
32	Lands and Physical Planning	The Land Laws (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill, 2023 (NA Bill No. 76 of 2023)	Lapsed
33	Aviation & Aerospace Development	The Kenya Airports Authority Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
34	Transport	Kenya Ports Authority Act (Cap 301)	Abandoned / Discontinued
35	Transport	The LAPSSET Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
36	Higher Education	The Science, Technology and Innovation (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Abandoned / Discontinued
37	Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs	The Social Assistance (Repeal) Bill, 2020 (NA Bill No. 16 of 2020)	Abandoned / Discontinued
38	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	The Creative Economy Bill (Formerly Creative Industries Bill)	Abandoned / Discontinued

39	Youth Affairs and Creative Economy	The Youth Inclusion Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
40	Agriculture	The Agricultural Finance Corporation Act (Cap. 323) (Review of.)	Abandoned / Discontinued
41	Agriculture	The Commodities Fund Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
42	Basic Education	The Basic Education Scholarships and Bursaries Bill, 2024	Merged
43	Basic Education	The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Merged
44	Basic Education	The Kenya Literature Bureau (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Abandoned / Discontinued
45	Basic Education	The Kenya National Examination Council Bill	Merged
46	Basic Education	The Teacher Education and Training Bill, 2024	Merged
47	Basic Education	The Teachers Service Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2024	Merged
48	Higher Education	The Universities Act (Cap. 210) (Statute Law Amendment)	Abandoned / Discontinued
49	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Bill	Abandoned / Discontinued
50	Justice, Human Rights and Constitutional Affairs	Evidence (Amendment) Bill 2024	Abandoned / Discontinued





REPUBLIC OF KENYA

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT  
OFFICE OF THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY & MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AND DIASPORA AFFAIRS  
STATE DEPARTMENT FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT  
OFFICE OF THE PRIME CABINET SECRETARY &  
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AND DIASPORA AFFAIRS  
STATE DEPARTMENT FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS